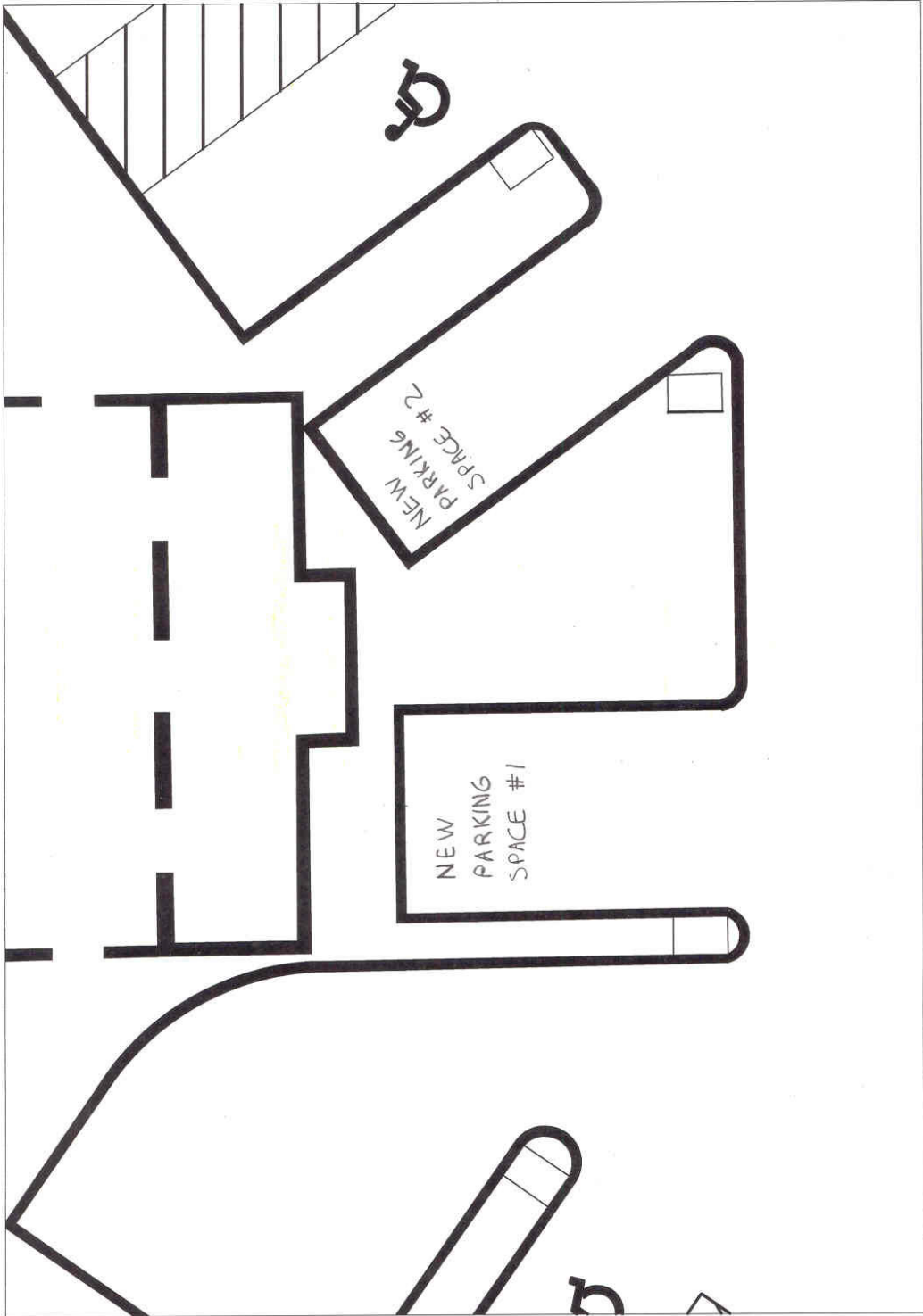
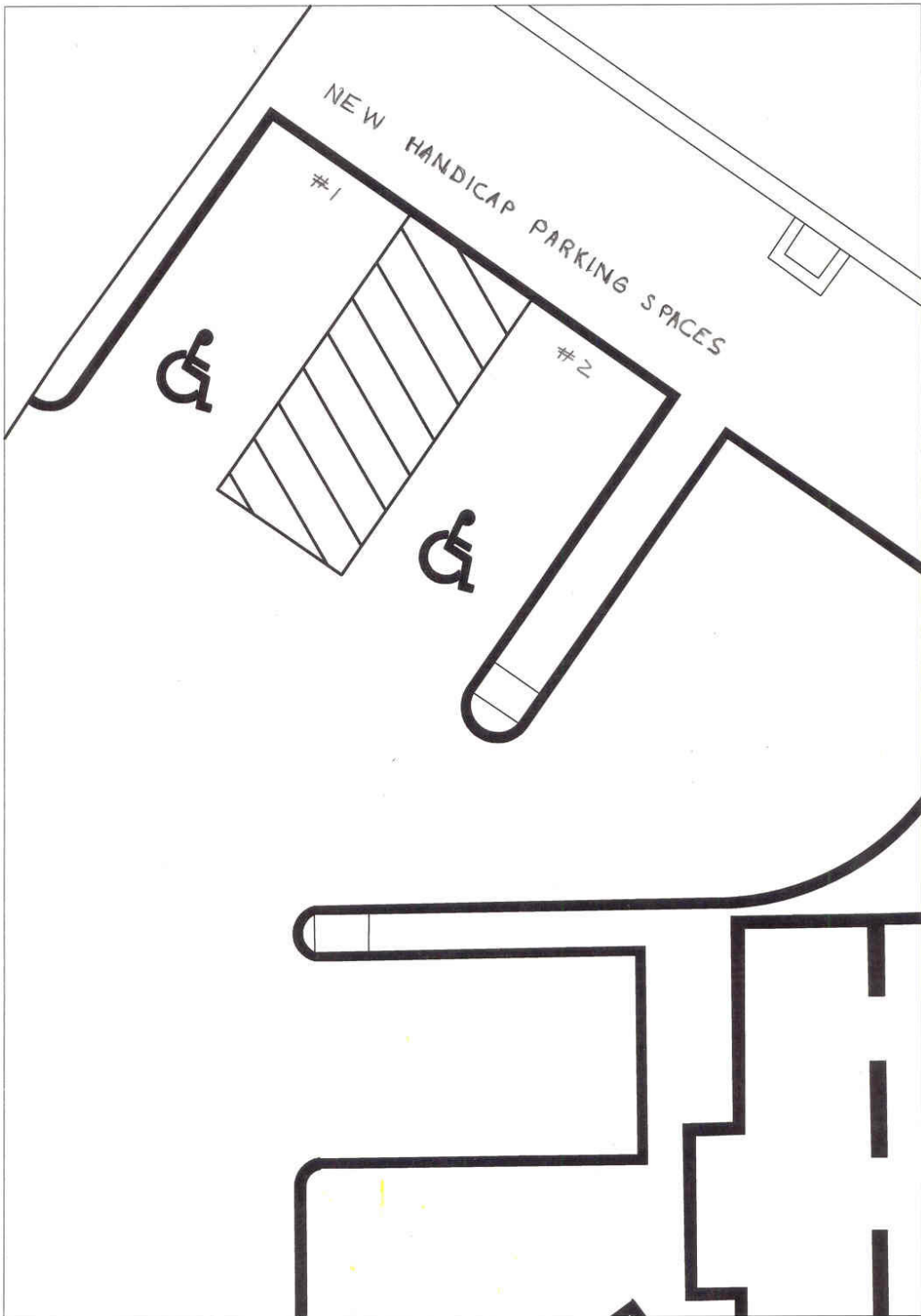
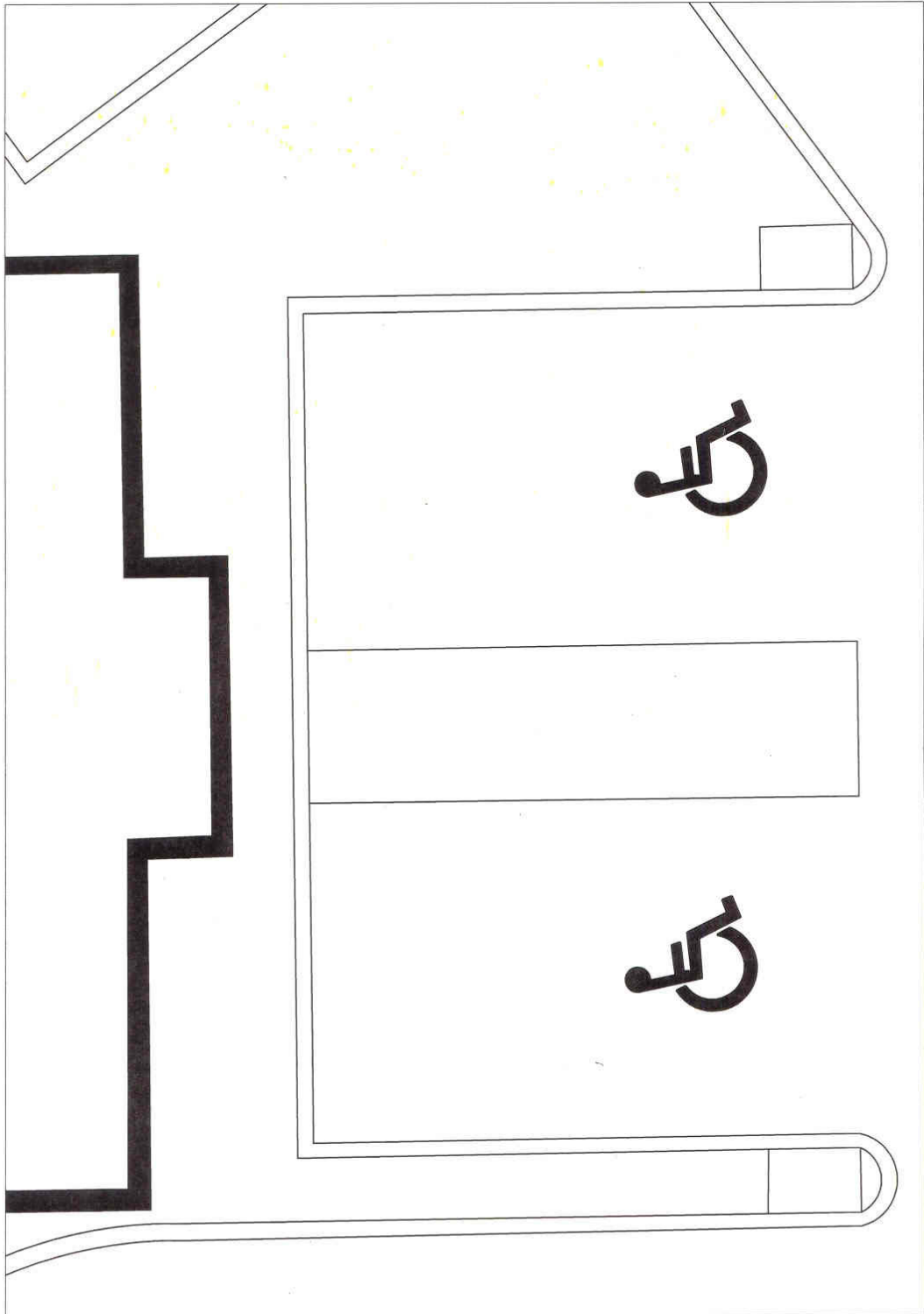


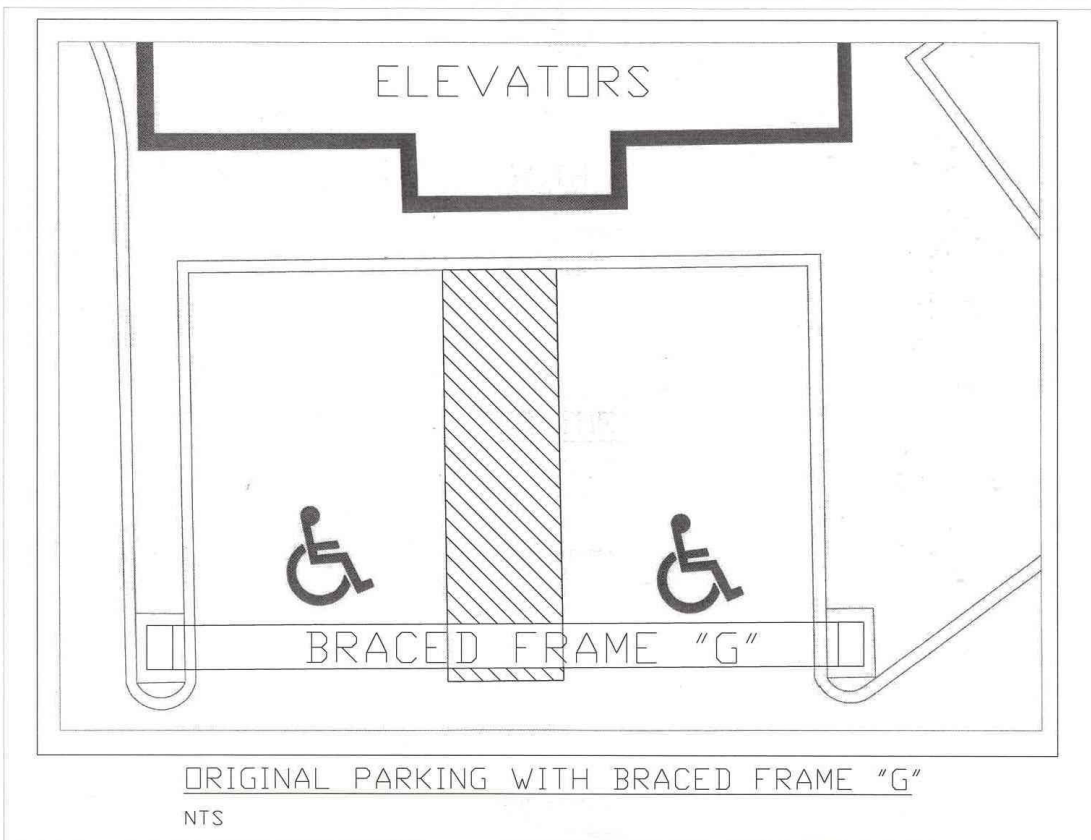
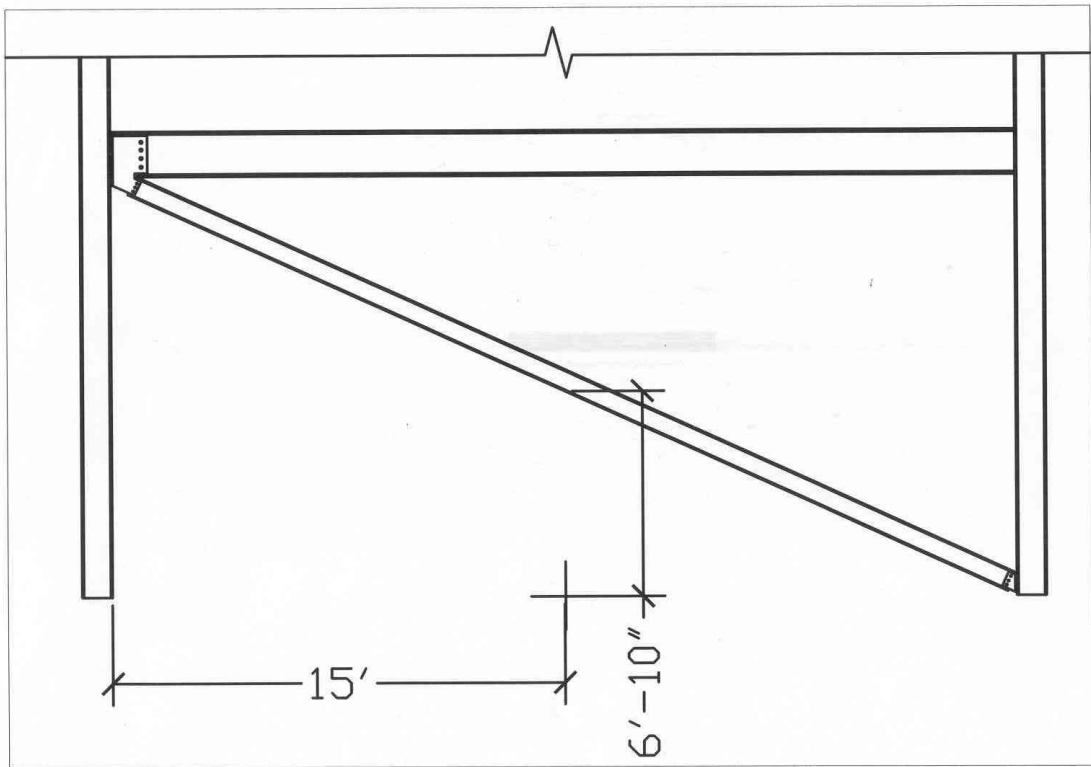
# THE APPENDIX

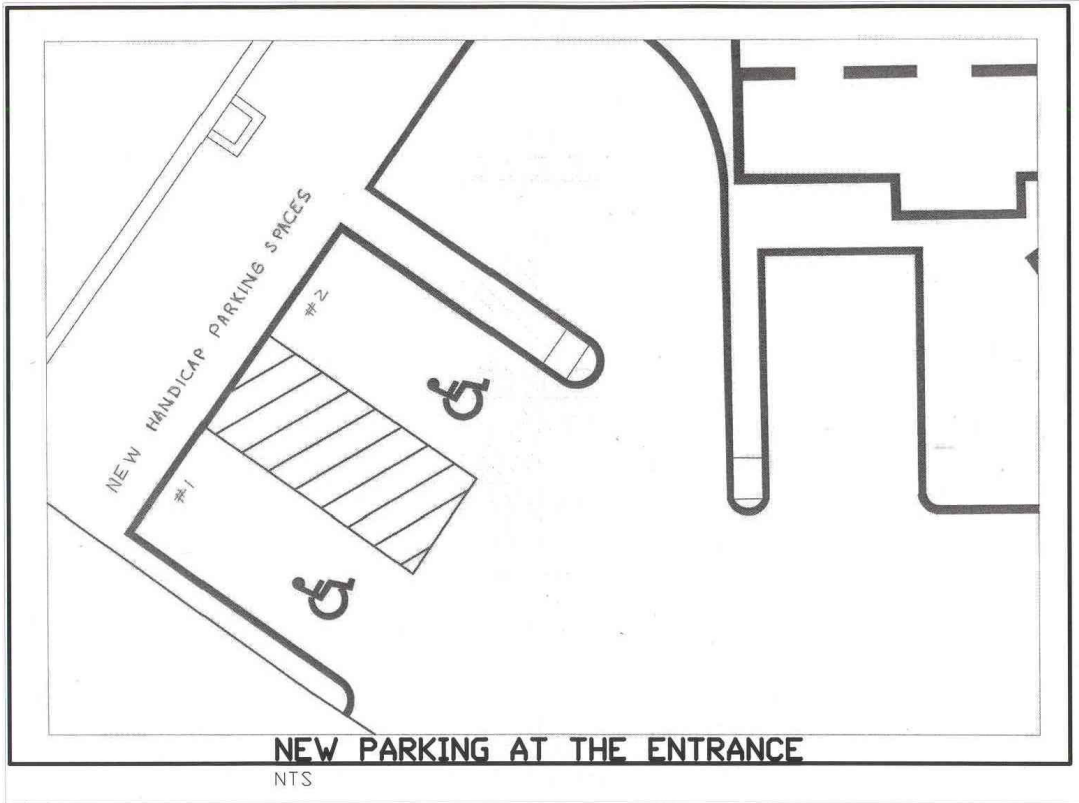
# Architectural Redesign

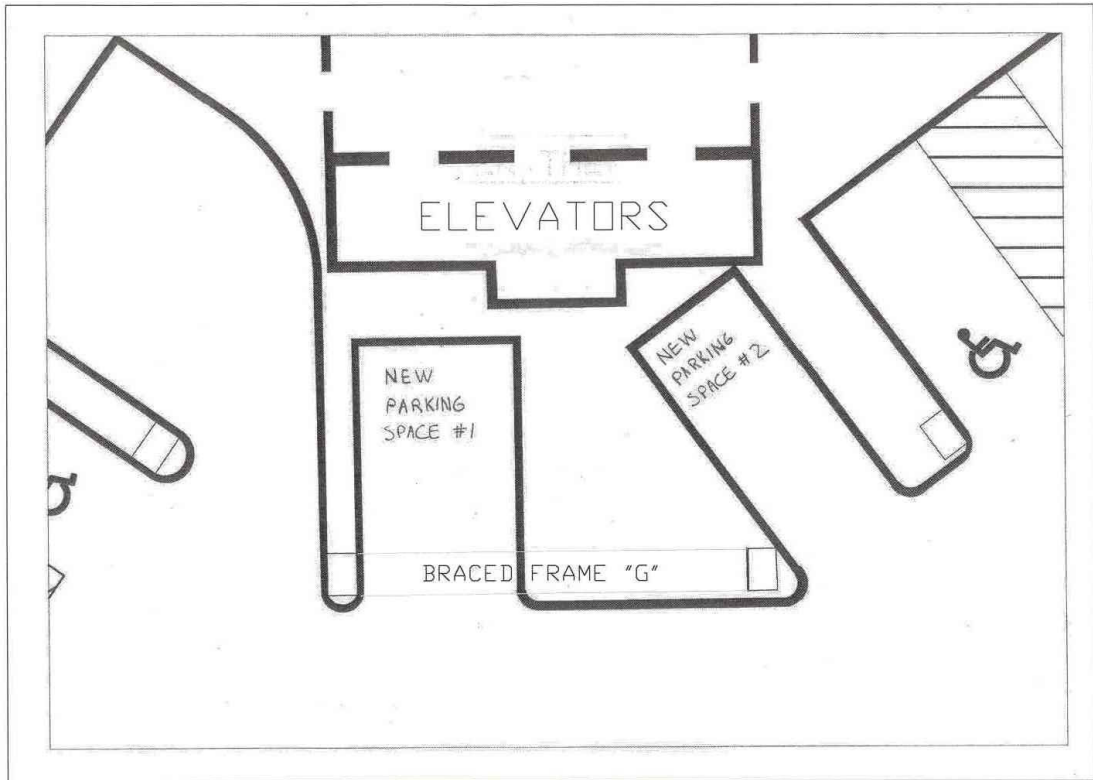








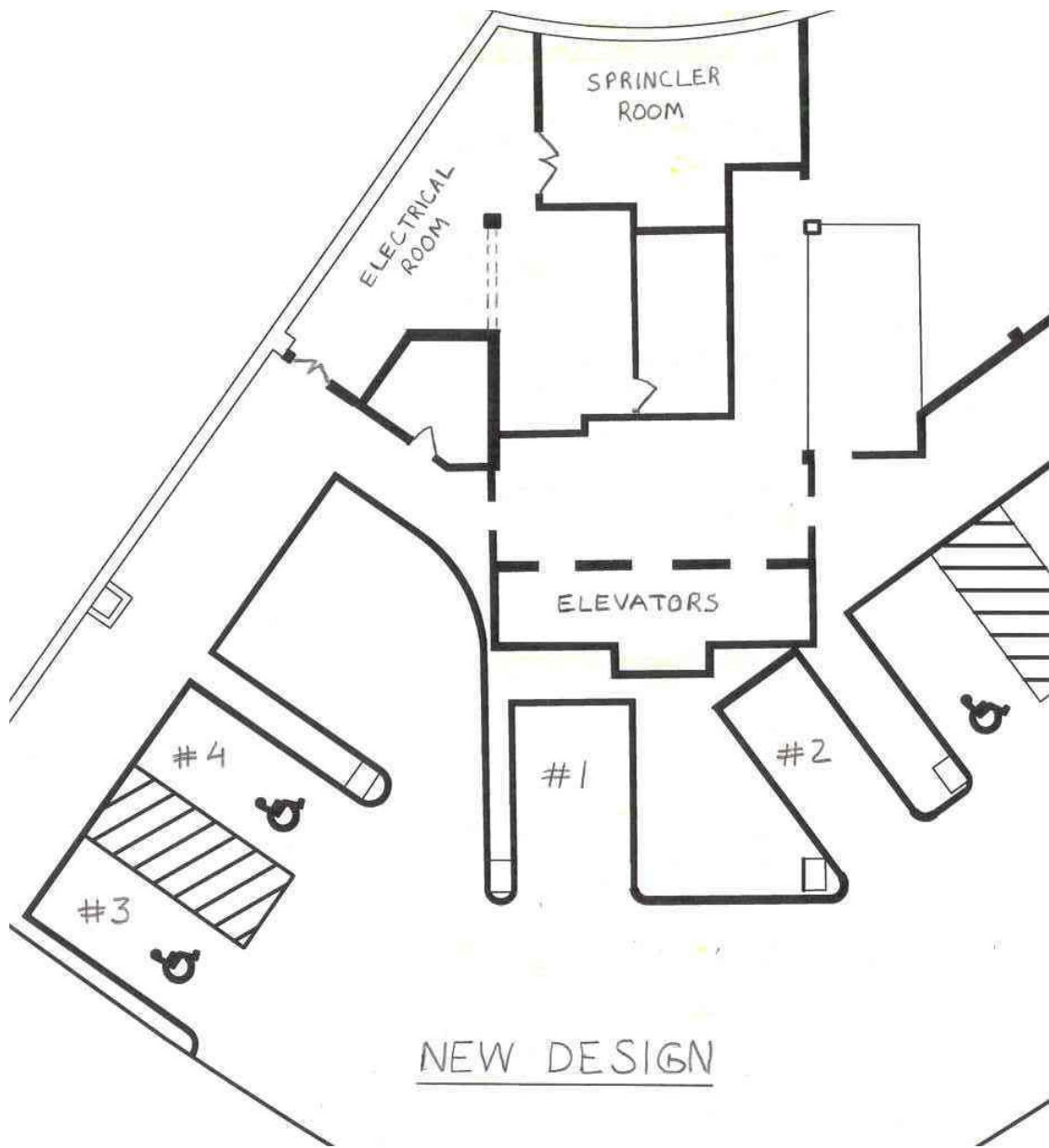


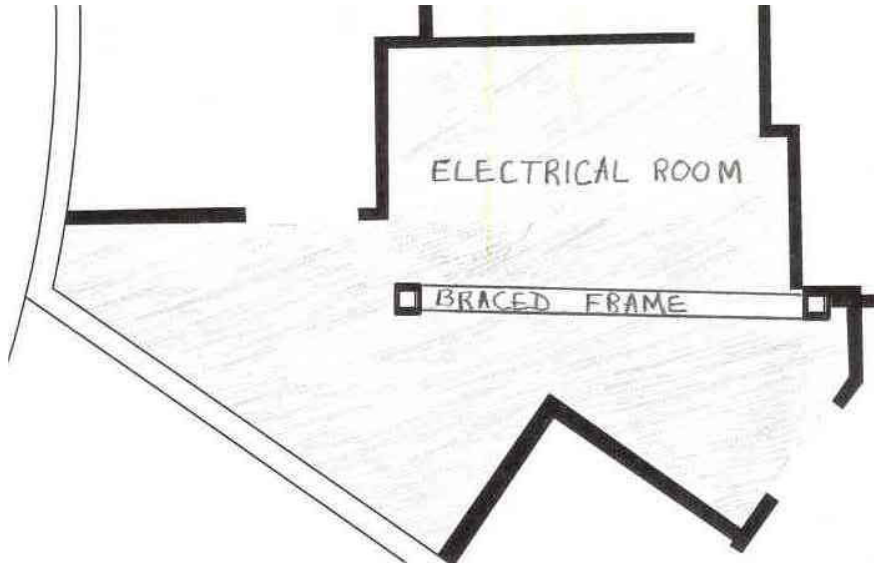


**NEW PARKING UNDER THE BRACED FRAME 'G'**

NTS



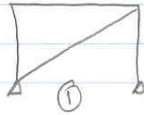




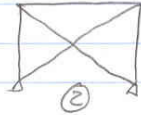
# Braced Frame Analysis

## Bridged Frame Analysis (1)

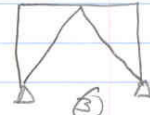
### 3 Possibilities:



Design for  
Compressive  
Strength



Design  
for tension  
strength  
or  
Combination  
of tension  
and compression



Design  
for  
compression  
strength.

### Results

	↓ ↓	↓	↓ ↓
weight of Diagonals	1970 lbs or 1257 lbs	540 lbs	1373.5 lbs
# of Additional connections	2	4	3
# of diagonal members	1	2	2
Least Labor Intensive 1-3	1	3	2

Bridged frame Analysis: (2)



Calculated on STAAD 2004

⇓  
Diagonal Axial  
Force:  
87 k (T)

⇓  
Diagonal Axial  
Force:  
87 k (C)

USE:

Controls

Result: W 8 x 58

• Total weight: (33.1 FT) \* 58 lb = 1920 lb

Also Try WT 9 x 38

$$\phi P_{nx} = 92.6 \quad \text{OK}$$

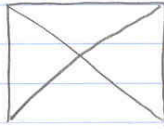
$$\phi P_{ny} = 96.1 \quad \text{OK}$$

$$\frac{Kl}{r} < 700 \quad \text{OK}$$

$$\text{Tot weight} = 33.1 (38) = 1257.8 \text{ lbs}$$

Braaced Frame Analysis: (3)

②



A: Design for Tension; diagonals work one at the time.  
B: Design for a combination both diagonals work simultaneously.

A. Diagonal Axial Force = 87 k Tension

Assume the design is control by tension yielding:

$$\phi_t P_n = \phi F_y A_g$$

$$87 \text{ k} = .9(50)(A)$$

$$A = 1.93 \text{ in}^2$$

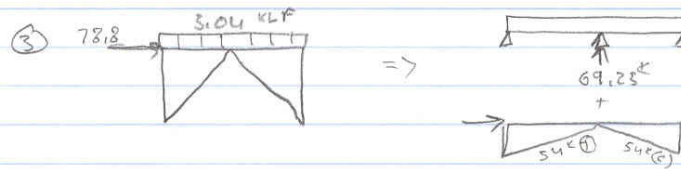
USE 24 x 4 x 5/16 (2 Angles)

$$\text{Total weight} = 2 \left( 8.16 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}} \right) (33.1 \text{ m})$$

$$= \boxed{540.2 \text{ lbs}}$$

B. Compressive strength of small, long members is very small; the tension-based design is more economical.

## Brose Frame Analysis (4)



Compression controls

$$\Rightarrow \text{Diagonal Axial force} = 54 \text{ k} + 69.25 \text{ k} = 123.25 \text{ k}$$

TRY WT 8 x 33.5

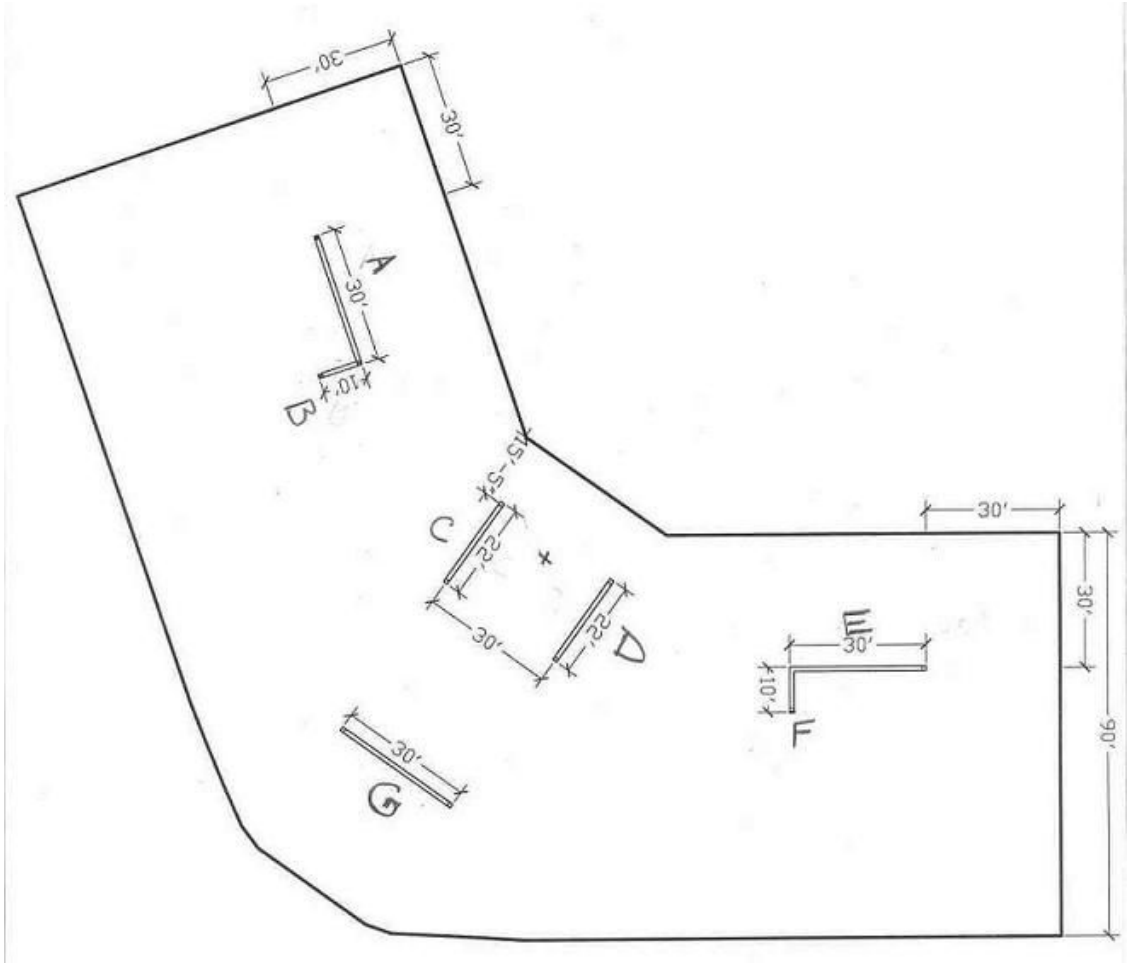
$$\phi P_{nx} = 174 \text{ k} \quad \text{OK}$$

$$\phi P_{ny} = 193 \text{ k} \quad \text{OK}$$

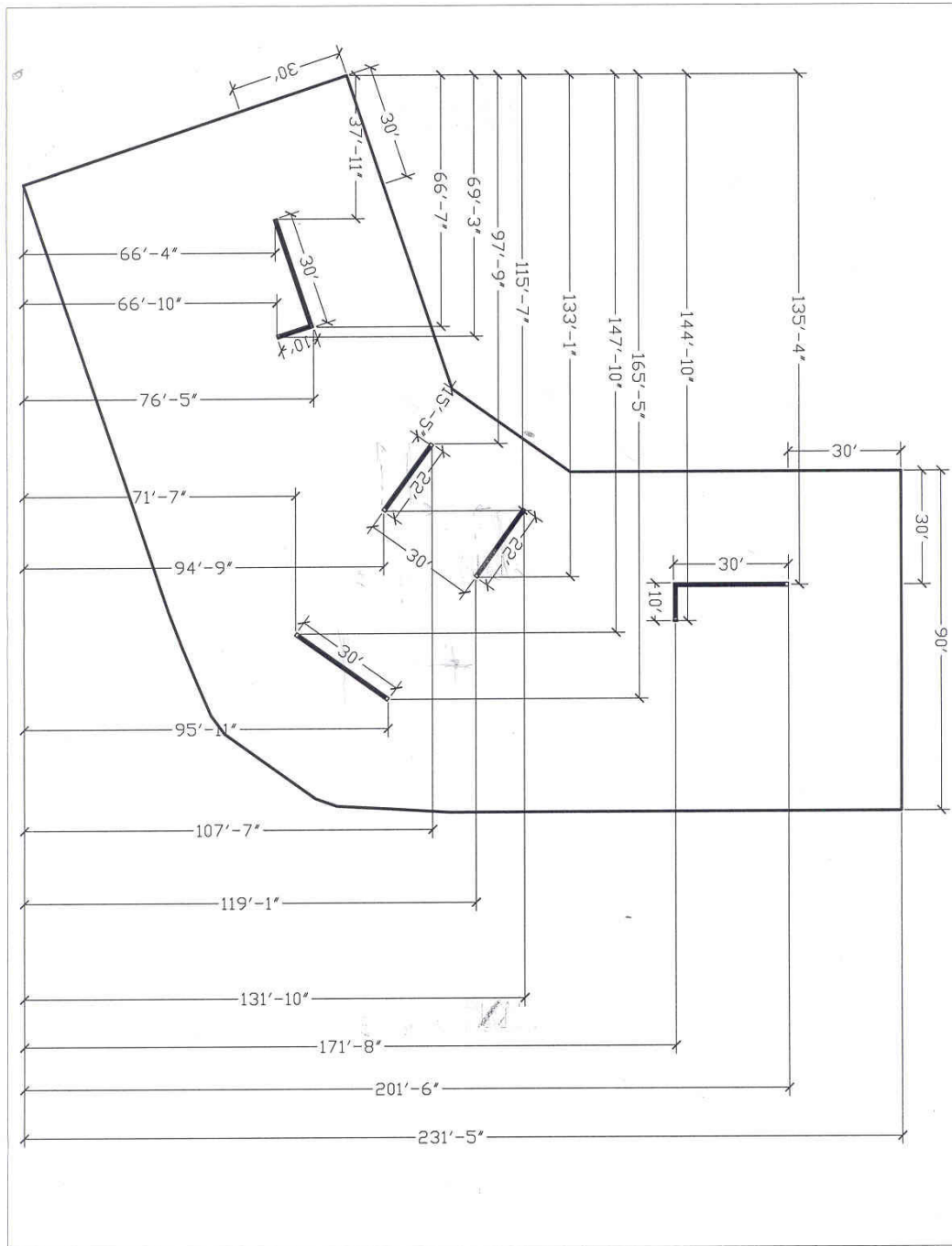
$$\frac{KL}{r} < 200 \quad \text{OK}$$

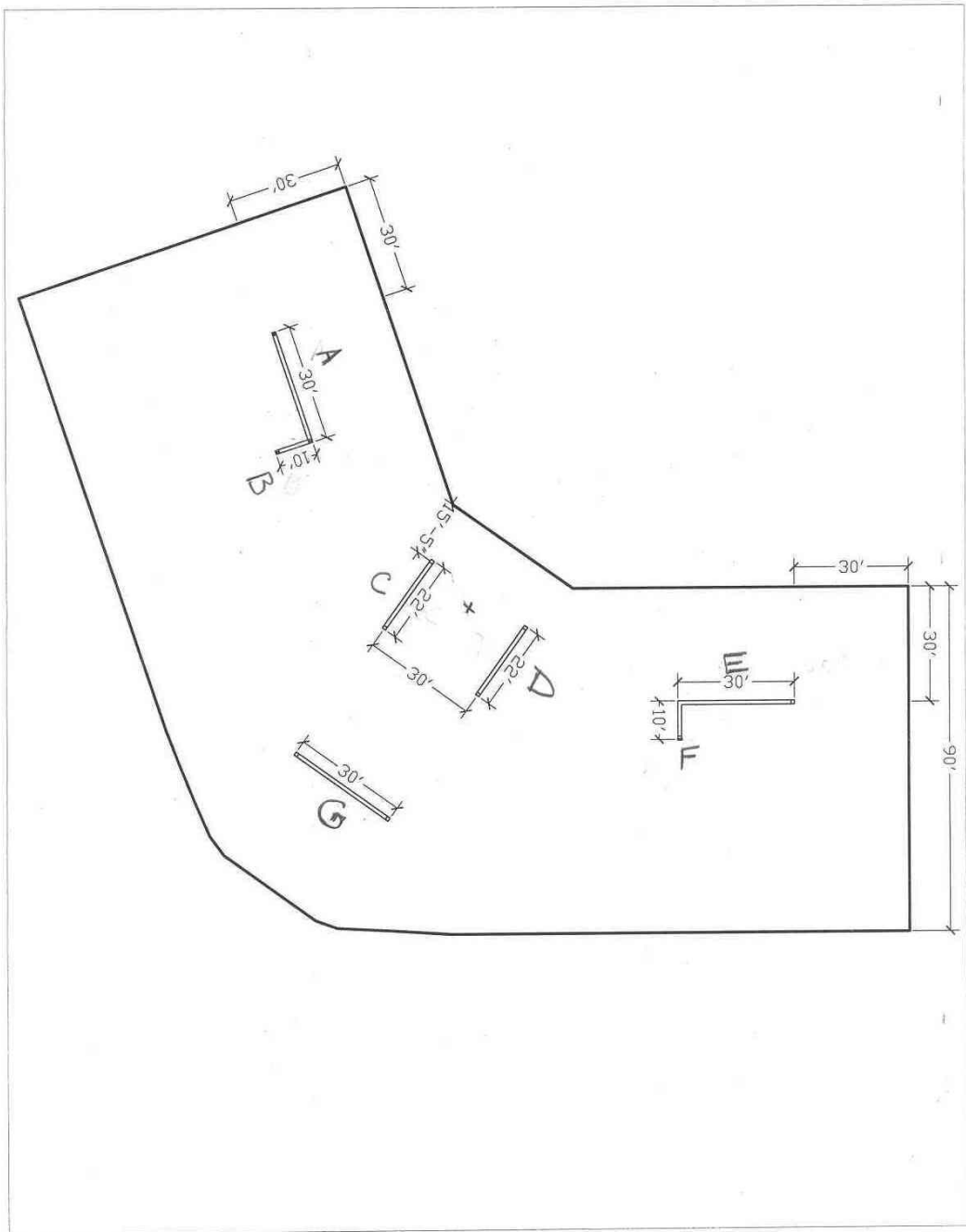
USE 2 WT 8 x 33.5

$$\text{TOT WEIGHT} = 2(20.5')(33.5) = \boxed{1373.5 \text{ lbs}}$$

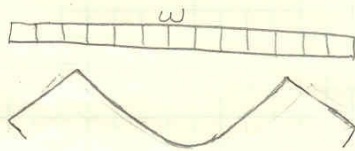
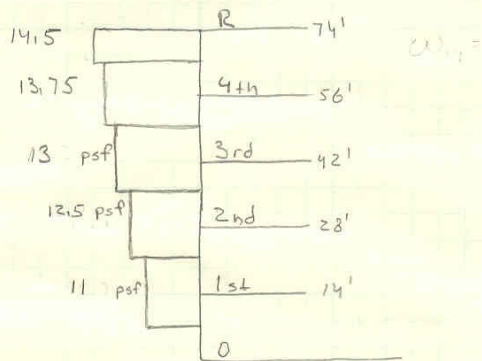








# Load Distribution (1)



Total distributed wind load at each story height

$$W_{\text{Roof}} = 10.5' (14.5 \text{ psf}) = 152.25 \text{ pff}$$

$$W_4 = 152.25 + 14' (13.75 \text{ psf}) = 344.75 \text{ pff}$$

$$W_3 = 344.75 \text{ pff} + 14' (13 \text{ psf}) = 526.75 \text{ pff}$$

$$W_2 = 526.75 \text{ pff} + 14' (12.5 \text{ psf}) = 701.75 \text{ pff}$$

$$W_1 = 701.75 \text{ pff} + 14' (11 \text{ psf}) = 855.75 \text{ pff}$$

$$W_0 = 855.75 \text{ pff} + 7.5' (11 \text{ psf}) = 938.25 \text{ pff}$$

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS  
CAMPAD

Load Distribution (2)

$$w_5 = 152.25 \text{ pff}$$

$$w_4 = 344.75 \text{ pff}$$

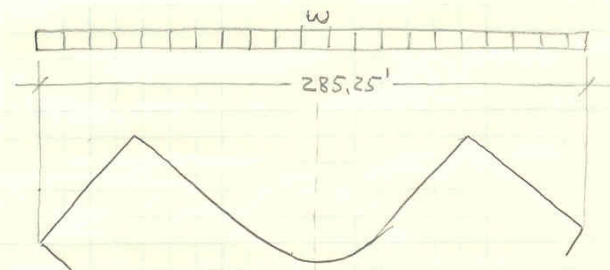
$$w_3 = 526.75 \text{ pff}$$

$$w_2 = 701.75 \text{ pff}$$

$$w_1 = 855.75 \text{ pff}$$

$$w_0 = 938.25 \text{ pff}$$

UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED  
WIND LOAD AT EACH  
STORY



Total equivalent point load:

$$W_R = 152.25(285.25) = 43.4 \text{ K}$$

$$W_4 = 344.75(285.25) = 98.3 \text{ K}$$

$$W_3 = 526.75(285.25) = 150.3 \text{ K}$$

$$W_2 = 701.75(285.25) = 200.2 \text{ K}$$

$$W_1 = 855.75(285.25) = 244.1 \text{ K}$$

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS



## Load Distribution (3)

### THE CENTER OF RIGIDITY

$$\bar{x} = \frac{15'(22') - 15'(22')}{44} = 0$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{32.5'(30') + 97.25'(5.88)(2) + 109.58(24.58)(2)}{30 + 2(5.88) + 2(24.58)} = 82.6'$$

### POLAR MOMENT OF INERTIA

$$I_P = I_{xx} + I_{yy}$$

$$I_{xy} = \sum \ell_x y^2$$

$$= 30'(50.17)^2 + 24.58'(27.1)^2(2) + 5.88'(14.67)^2(2)$$

$$= 113,879.36 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$I_{yy} = \sum \ell_y x^2 = 22'(15^2)(2) + 17.58(71.08)^2(2) + 8(61.75)^2(2)$$

$$= 248,550.20 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$I_P = 113,879.36 + 248,550.20 = 362,429.56 \text{ ft}^3$$

## Load Distribution (4)

Wind parallel to the  $\bar{Y}$  axis

Roof

$$W_k = 43,4 \text{ k} \quad \text{Wall Force} = \frac{W_k l_i}{\sum l} + \frac{M_T \times l}{I_P}$$

$$M_T = 0$$

$$\text{Wall } A_y = \frac{43,4 \times (17,59)}{2(17,59) + 2(22) + 2(8)} + 0 = 8,02 \text{ k}$$

$$\text{Wall } B_y = \frac{43,4(8)}{95,18} + 0 = 3,65 \text{ k}$$

$$\text{Wall } C = \frac{43,4(22)}{95,18} = 8,67 \text{ k}$$

$$\text{Wall } D = \text{Wall } C = 8,67 \text{ k}$$

$$\text{Wall } E_y = \text{Wall } A = 8,02 \text{ k}$$

$$\text{Wall } F_y = \text{Wall } B = 3,65 \text{ k}$$

$$\boxed{36,54} \approx 36,7 \text{ OK}$$

$$\text{Wall } A = \frac{8,02}{\cos 55} = 13,98 \text{ k}$$

$$\text{Wall } B = \frac{3,65}{\cos 35} = 4,46 \text{ k}$$

$$\text{Wall } E = \text{Wall } A = 13,98 \text{ k}$$

$$\text{Wall } F = \text{Wall } B = 4,46 \text{ k}$$

## Load Distribution (5)

Wind Parallel to Y-axis

4th story

$$W_4 = 98.3^k \quad M_T = 0$$

$$\text{Wall A} = \frac{(k)}{31.67}$$

$$\text{Wall B} = 10.092$$

$$\text{Wall C} = 22.72$$

$$\text{Wall D} = 22.72$$

$$\text{Wall E} = 31.67$$

$$\text{Wall F} = 10.09$$

3rd story

$$W_3 = 150.3 \quad M_T = 0$$

$$\text{Wall A} = \frac{(k)}{48.43}$$

$$\text{Wall B} = 15.42$$

$$\text{Wall C} = 34.74$$

$$\text{Wall D} = 34.74$$

$$\text{Wall E} = 48.43$$

$$\text{Wall F} = 15.42$$

2nd story

$$W_2 = 200.2^k \quad M_T = 0$$

Wall	Force (k)
A	64.51
B	20.55
C	46.27
D	46.27
E	64.51
F	20.51

1st story

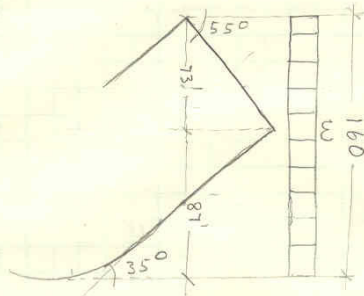
$$W = 244.1^k \quad M_T = 0$$

Wall	Force (k)
A	78.65
B	25.05
C	56.42
D	56.42
E	78.65
F	25.05

# Load Distribution (6)

Wind Parallel the  $\bar{X}$ -axis

(K)



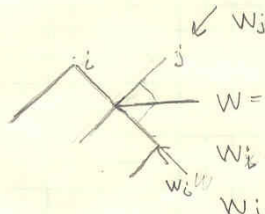
$$W_R = 152.25(160) = 24.36$$

$$W_4 = 344.75(160) = 55.16$$

$$W_3 = 526.75(160) = 84.28$$

$$W_2 = 701.75(160) = 112.28$$

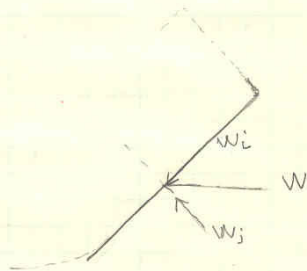
$$W_1 = 855.75(160) = 136.92$$



$$W = 73(152.25) = 11.114 \text{ K}$$

$$W_i = 11.11 \cos 55 = 6.37 \text{ K}$$

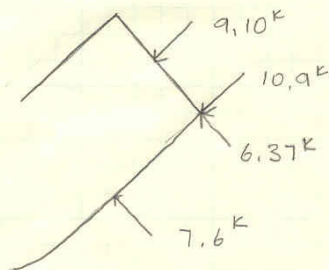
$$W_j = 11.114 \sin 55 = 9.10 \text{ K}$$



$$W = 87(152.25) = 13.25 \text{ K}$$

$$W_i = 13.25 \cos 35 = 10.9 \text{ K}$$

$$W_j = 13.25 \sin 35 = 7.6 \text{ K}$$



Final Loads

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS





Load DISTRIBUTION (7)

Roof  
 $M_T = 11.114^k(41') + 13.25(39.17) = 63.3^k$

$W = 24.36^k$

Direct Forces

Wall A =  $\frac{24.36(24.583)}{2(24.583) + 2(5.875) + 30} / \cos 55 = 11.60^k$

Wall B =  $\frac{5.875(24.36)}{90.916} / \cos 35 = 1.92^k$

Wall E = 11.60 = 11.60

Wall F = = 1.92

Wall G =  $\frac{30(24.36)}{90.916} = 8.04^k$

Forces due to Torsion

Wall A<sub>T</sub> =  $\frac{(63.3^k)(19.08)(30')}{362429.56 \text{ ft}^3} = 0.1^k$  add

Wall B<sub>T</sub> =  $\frac{(63.3)(47.25)(10')}{362429.56} = 0.08^k$  subtract

Wall C =  $\frac{(63.3)(15)(22)}{362429.56} = 0.06^k$  } opposite directions

Wall D = 0.06<sup>k</sup>

Wall E = 0.1<sup>k</sup> add

Wall F = 0.08<sup>k</sup> subtract

Wall G =  $\frac{63.3(50.17)(30)}{362429.56} = 0.26^k$  add

Total Forces in each Wall:

Wall	Force (k)	Wall	Force (k)
A	11.7	E	11.7
B	1.84	F	1.84
C	0.06	G	8.36
D	-0.06		

22-141 50 SHEETS  
 22-142 100 SHEETS  
 22-144 200 SHEETS



Wind parallel to the  $\bar{x}$ -axis

The distribution of a lateral load on the remaining stories are proportional to the calculated distribution of forces at the roof level.

As shown in a chart below, the wind in load case parallel to  $\bar{y}$ -axis controls the system, with the exception of the wall G

of the  $\bar{x}$ -axis wind direction.

Distribution of forces at roof level

Comparison Table 1

X-axis		Y-axis	
wall	Force (k)	wall	Force (k)
A	11.7	A	13.98
B	1.84	B	4.46
C	0.06	C	8.67
D	0.06	D	8.67
E	11.7	E	13.98
F	1.84	F	4.46
G	8.30	G	0

Load Distribution (9)

wind Parallel to the  $\bar{x}$  axis

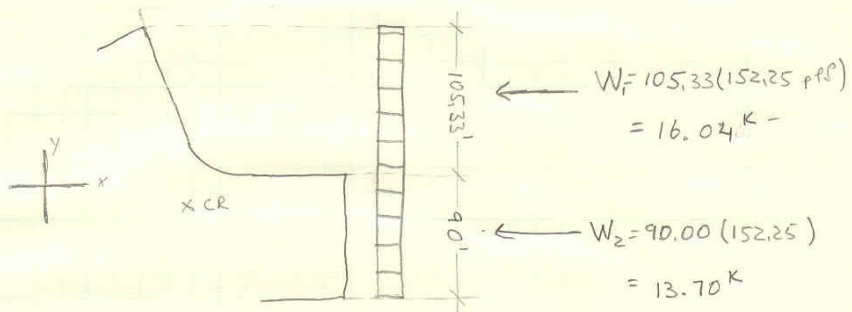
Wall G	
STORY	Force (k)
R	8.30
4	18.80
3	28.72
2	38.26
1	46.65

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS



Wind in NE-SW direction

Roof



Moment arms:

$W_1: 63.25'$   
 $W_2: 34.42'$

$$M_T = 16.04(63.25) - 13.70(34.42) = 542.98 \text{ K}$$

Wall	Length <sub>x</sub>	Length <sub>y</sub>
A	9.58'	28.83'
B	9.5'	3.08'
C	12.83	17.83
D	12.83	17.83
E	30'	0
F	00	10'
G	24.33'	17.58'

22-141 50 SHEETS  
 22-142 100 SHEETS  
 22-144 200 SHEETS  
 SAMPAD

Load Distribution

(11)

NE-SW

Wind in the NE-SW direction

$$W_{\text{walls}} = \frac{W_L}{\sum L} + \frac{M_T \times L}{I_p}$$

Final Distributed Forces in each wall

Wall	Direct shear force	$M_T$ force	Total
A	10,377 K	- 0,863	9,51
B	3,00 K	+ 0,872	3,87
C	6,603 K	+ 0,49	7,10
D	6,603 K	- 0,49	6,11
E	9,00 K	- 0,874	8,13
F	0 K	0,877	0,88
G	9,01 K	- 2,25	6,67

Roof Level

Comparison Table 2

Wall	Load    $\bar{x}$ (K)	Load    $\bar{y}$ (K)	Load    NE-SW (K)
A	11,7	<u>13,98</u>	9,51
B	1,84	<u>4,46</u>	3,87
C	0,06	<u>8,67</u>	7,10
D	0,06	<u>8,67</u>	6,11
E	11,7	<u>13,98</u>	8,13
F	1,84	<u>4,46</u>	0,88
G	<u>8,30</u>	0	6,67

\* Underlined are the controlling forces.

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS



Load Distribution

(12)

NE-SW

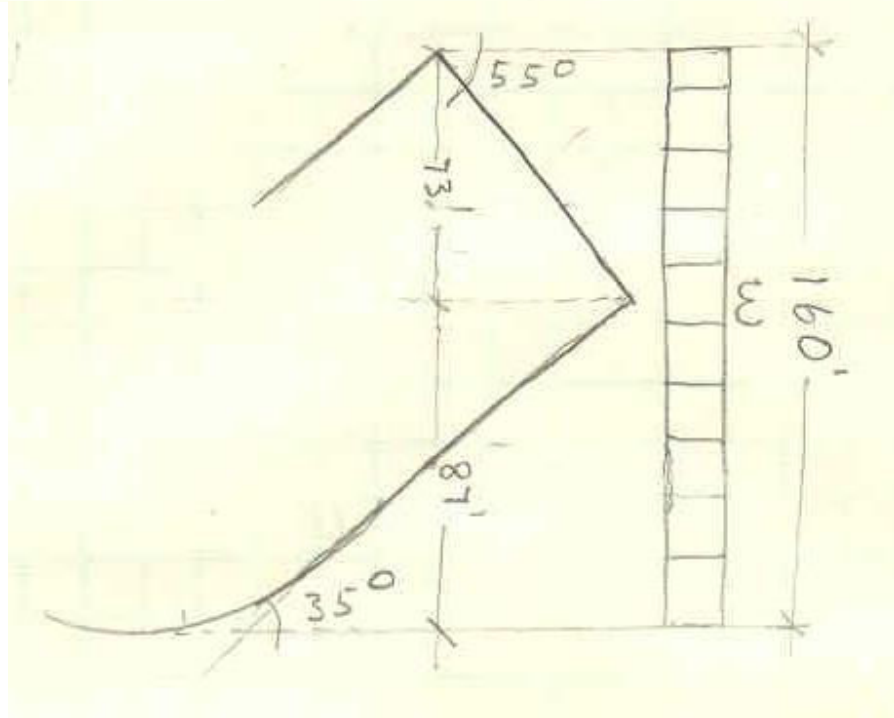
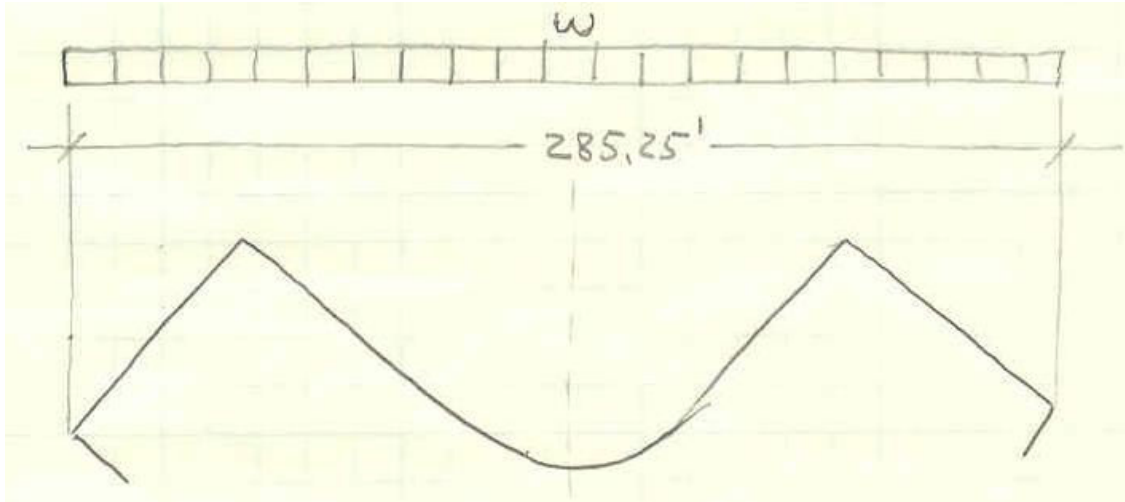
Wind parallel with the NE-SW axis

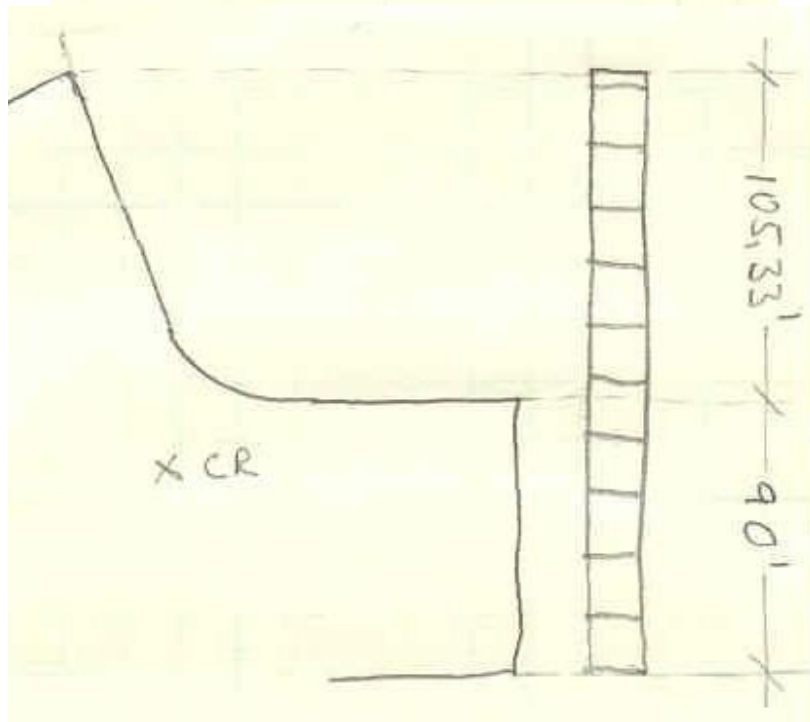
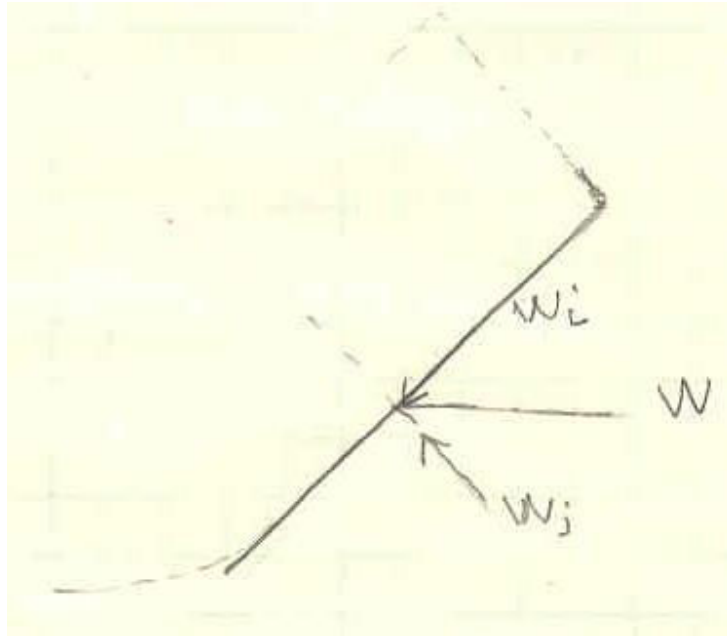
Wall G

<u>Level</u>	<u><math>W_p</math> (k)</u>	<u>Total Force in wall (k)</u>	<u><math>V_1</math></u>
R	29.7	6.67	
4	67.3	15.30	
3	102.9	23.39	
2	137.1	31.17	
1	167.2	38.01	

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS







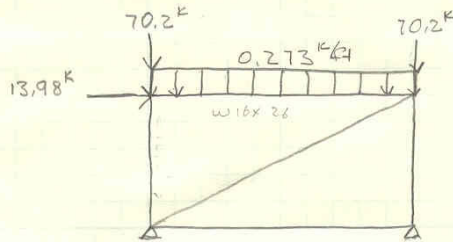


LOAD DISTRIBUTION TABLES					
<b>CASE 1</b>					
Resulting Distributed Forces at the top of the frame in kips					
Frame	Garage	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
A	78.65	64.51	48.43	31.67	13.98
B	25.05	20.55	15.42	10.09	4.46
C	56.42	46.27	34.74	22.72	8.67
D	56.42	46.27	34.74	22.72	8.67
E	78.65	64.51	48.43	31.67	13.98
F	25.05	20.55	15.42	10.09	4.46
G	0	0	0	0	0
<b>CASE 2</b>					
Resulting Distributed Forces at the top of the frame in kips					
Frame	Garage	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	11.7
B	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.84
C	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.06
D	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.06
E	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	11.7
F	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.84
G	46.65	38.26	28.72	18.8	8.3
<b>CASE 3</b>					
Resulting Distributed Forces at the top of the frame in kips					
Frame	Garage	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.51
B	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.87
C	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.1
D	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.1
E	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.51
F	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.87
G	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.67
NOTE: N/A - values that do not control the design <i>Italicized are the values that control the design</i>					

Steel Memeber design Summary					
<b>Braced Frame A Size</b>					
Frame	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level3	Level 4
AB	W12x106	W12x106	W12x106	W12x50	W12x50
BC	W18x35	W18x35	W18x35	W18x35	W16x26
CD	W12x106	W12x106	W12x106	W12x50	W12x50
AC	W8x58	W8x48	W8x35	W8x31	W8x21
<b>Braced Frame B Size</b>					
Frame	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level3	Level 4
AB	W12x65	W12x65	W12x65	W12x35	W12x35
BC	W18x35	W18x35	W18x35	W18x35	W21x50
CD	W12x65	W12x65	W12x65	W12x35	W12x35
AC	W8x35	W8x31	W8x28	W8x24	W8x21
<b>Braced Frame C Size</b>					
Frame	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level3	Level 4
AB	W12x96	W12x96	W12x96	W12x40	W12x40
BC	W18x40	W18x40	W18x40	W18x40	W18x35
CD	W12x96	W12x96	W12x96	W12x40	W12x40
AC	W8x48	W8x35	W8x31	W8x28	W8x21
<b>Braced Frame D Size</b>					
Frame	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level3	Level 4
AB	W12x96	W12x96	W12x96	W12x40	W12x40
BC	W18x40	W18x40	W18x40	W18x40	W18x35
CD	W12x96	W12x96	W12x96	W12x40	W12x40
AC	W8x48	W8x35	W8x31	W8x28	W8x21
<b>Braced Frame E Size</b>					
Frame	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level3	Level 4
AB	W12x106	W12x106	W12x106	W12x50	W12x50
BC	W18x35	W18x35	W18x35	W18x35	W16x26
CD	W12x106	W12x106	W12x106	W12x50	W12x50
AC	W8x58	W8x48	W8x35	W8x31	W8x21
<b>Braced Frame F Size</b>					
Frame	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level3	Level 4
AB	W12x65	W12x65	W12x65	W12x35	W12x35
BC	W18x35	W18x35	W18x35	W18x35	W21x50
CD	W12x65	W12x65	W12x65	W12x35	W12x35
AC	W8x35	W8x31	W8x28	W8x24	W8x21
<b>Braced Frame G Size</b>					
Frame	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level3	Level 4
AB	W12x96	W12x96	W12x96	W12x40	W12x40
BC	W16x26	W16x26	W16x26	W16x26	W16x26
CD	W12x96	W12x96	W12x96	W12x40	W12x40
AC	W8x35	W8x31	W8x31	W8x24	W8x21

Braced Frame - Wall A

Level: 4 - Roof



Trib Area = (30')(3.5') = 105 ft<sup>2</sup>

LL = 30 psf    Pu = 78 psf

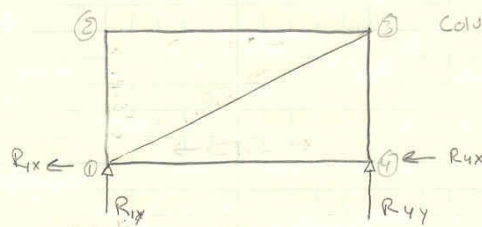
DL = 25 psf

$W_D = 1.2(25)(3.5) + 1.6(30)(3.5)$

= 273 lb/ft

= 0.273 k/ft

← C →  
→ T ←



Column = (900 ft<sup>2</sup>)(78 psf)

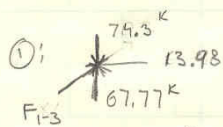
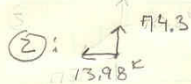
= 70.2 k

$\sum M_{\odot} = 0 = 14(13.98) + (8.19)(15) + 70.2(30) - 30 R_{4y}$

$R_{4y} = 80.8 k$

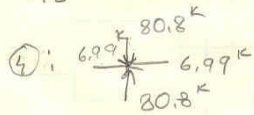
$R_{1y} = 2(70.2) + 8.19 - 80.8 = 67.77 k$

$R_{1x} = R_{4x} = \frac{13.98}{2} = 6.99 k$



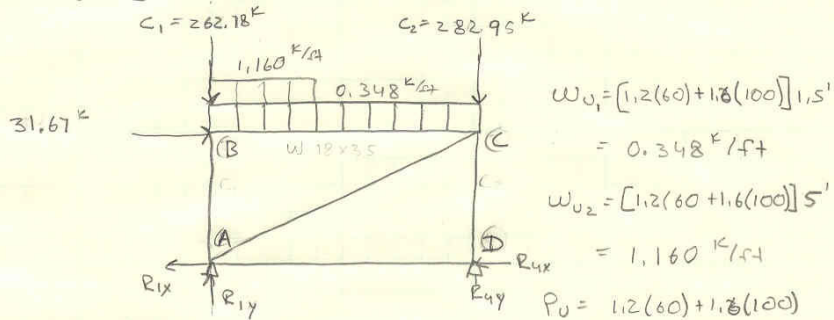
$\frac{74.3 - 67.77}{F_{1-3}} = \frac{14}{33.1}$

$F_{1-3} = 15.45 k$
$F_{1-2} = 74.3 k$
$F_{2-3} = 13.98 k$
$F_{3-4} = 80.8 k$
$F_{1-4} = 6.99 k$



Braced Frame - Wall A

Level 3



Column Loads:

$$C_1 = \frac{(900 \text{ ft}^2)(232 \text{ psf})}{1000} = 14.89 \text{ k} + 87.77 + 0.5 = 262.78 \text{ k}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{(900)(232)}{1000} - 7.15 \text{ k} - 7.15 \text{ k} + 80.8 + 0.5 = 282.95 \text{ k}$$

$C_1 = (A_T)(P_U)$  - Uniformly Dist loads + Column loads from L4

$$\sum M_{\odot} = 0 = 14(31.67^k) + 1.16(10)(5') + 0.348(30)(15) + 282.95(30) - 30 R_{D1}$$

$$R_{D1} = 304.88 \text{ k}$$

$$R_{1y} = 1.16(10) + 0.348(30) + 282.95 + 262.78 - 304.88 = 262.29 \text{ k}$$

$$R_{1x} = \frac{98.3}{2} = 49.15 \text{ k}$$

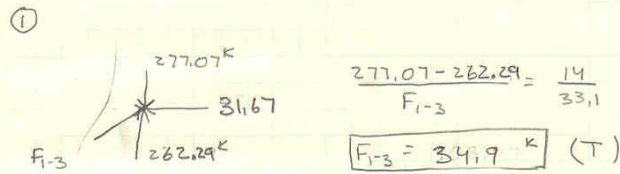
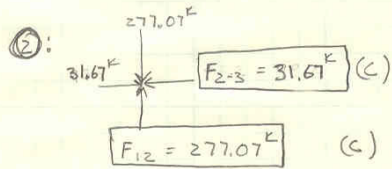
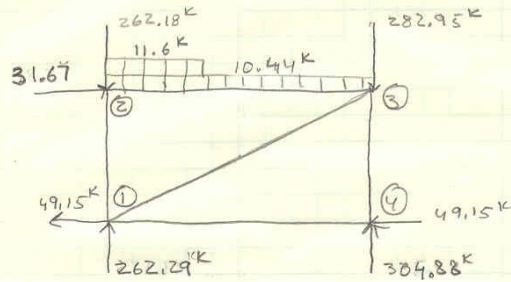
$$R_{4x} = \frac{98.3}{2} = 49.15 \text{ k}$$

Braced Frame Design (3)

level 3-4

Braced Frame - Wall A

Level 3

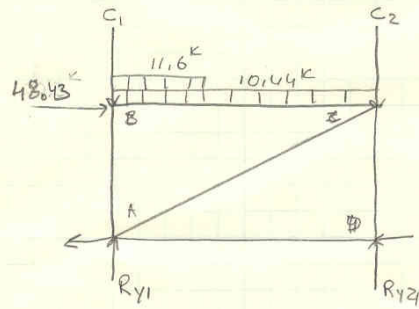


④  $F_{3-4} = 304.88 \text{ k}$  C

MEMBER	Force (k)	T or C
$F_{1-2}$	277.07	C
$F_{1-3}$	341.9	T
$F_{2-3}$	31.67	C
$F_{3-4}$	304.88	C

Braced Frame - Wall A

Level 2



$C_1 = 456.7^k$   
 $C_2 = 507.03^k$   
 $R_{yA} = 449.06^k$   
 $R_{yD} = 537.05$   
 $R_{xA} = 24.2^k$   
 $R_{xD} = 24.2^k$

<u>MEMBER</u>	<u>axial Force (k)</u>	<u>Direction</u>
AB	472.9	C
BC	48	C
CD	537	C
AC	53	T

22-141 50 SHEETS  
 22-142 100 SHEETS  
 22-144 200 SHEETS

# Braced Frame Design (E)

Level 1-2

## Level 1

$$C_1 = 643.41 \text{ K}$$

$$R_{Ay} = 628.2 \text{ K}$$

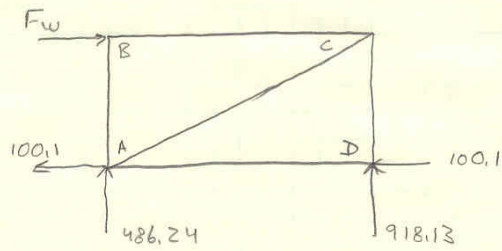
$$C_2 = 739.20 \text{ K}$$

$$R_{Dy} = 776.5 \text{ K}$$

$$F_{wind} = 64.51 \text{ K}$$

$$R_{Ax} = R_{Dx} = 32.25 \text{ K}$$

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS  
GAMPAL

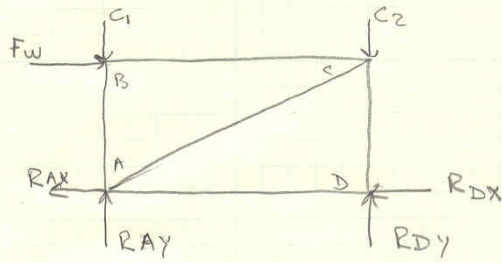


MEMBER	AXIAL Force (K)	Direction
AB	658	C
BC	64.5	C
CD	776	C
AC	712	T

Broced Frame Design (6)

Level 0-1

Level 0



$$F_w = 78.65 \text{ K}$$

$$C_1 = 822.61 \text{ K}$$

$$C_2 = 978.65 \text{ K}$$

$$R_{Ax} = 59.3 \text{ K}$$

$$R_{Ay} = 800.8 \text{ K}$$

$$R_{Dx} = 39.3 \text{ K}$$

$$R_{Dy} = 1022.5 \text{ K}$$

22-141 50 SHEETS  
 22-142 100 SHEETS  
 22-144 200 SHEETS

MEMBER	AXIAL FORCE	DIRECTION
AB	837	C
BC	78.7	C
CD	1023	C
AC	86.8	T

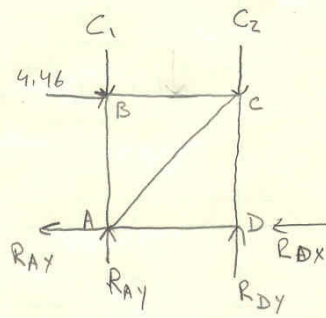


Braced Frame Design (7)

Wall B - (4-Roo)

Wall B

Level: 4



$$C_1 = (5+15)(30)(78 \text{ psf}) = 46.8 \text{ K}$$

$$C_2 = (15)(30)(78 \text{ psf}) = 35.1 \text{ K}$$

$$F_w = 4.46 \text{ K}$$

$$R_{AX} = 2.23 \text{ K}$$

$$R_{AY} = 40.56 \text{ K}$$

$$R_{DX} = 2.23 \text{ K}$$

$$R_{DY} = 41.34 \text{ K}$$

MEMBER	AXIAL FORCE (K)	DIRECTION
AB	46.8	C
BC	4.46	C
CD	41.34	C
AC	7.67	T

22-141 50 SHEETS  
 22-142 100 SHEETS  
 22-144 200 SHEETS  
 CAMPAL

Braced Frame Design (8)

Wall B - 3

Level 3

$$C_1 = (20')(30')(232 \text{ psf}) + 40.56^{\text{K}} + 0.5 = 180.26^{\text{K}}$$

$$C_2 = (15')(30')(232 \text{ psf}) + 41.34^{\text{K}} + 0.5 = 146.24^{\text{K}}$$

$$F_w = 10.09^{\text{K}}$$

MEMBER	AXIAL FORCE (K)	Direction
AB	180.26	C
BC	10.9	C
CD	161.5	C
AC	18.75	T

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS  
SAMPAD

Braced Frame Design  
WALL B

(9)

Wall B, Levels 0-2

MEMBER	Level 2 AXIAL FORCE (K)	Level 1 AXIAL FORCE (K)	Level 0 AXIAL FORCE (K)	Direction
AB	304.7	422.8	533.7	C
BC	15.42	20.55	25.05	C
CD	288	421.662	361.6	C
AC	26.5	35.346	43.1	T
C1	304.7	422.8	533.7	
C2	266.4	392.9	526.7	

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS



Braced Frame Design (10)

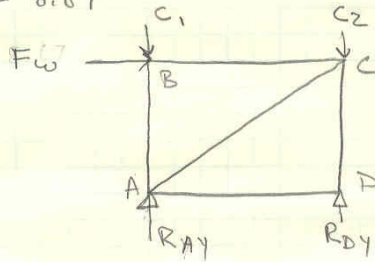
Wall C - 4 - Roof → 0

Level 4 WALL C

$$C_1 = (10+11)(15+5)(78) = 32.76 \text{ K}$$

$$C_2 = (11+20)(15+10)(78) = 60.45 \text{ K}$$

$$F_w = 8.67 \text{ K}$$



Level 3

$$C_1 = R_{Ay} + (420 \text{ ft}^2)(0.232 \text{ ksf}) + 0.5 = 126.7 \text{ K}$$

$$C_2 = R_{Dy} + (775 \text{ ft}^2)(0.232 \text{ ksf}) + 0.5 = 246.3 \text{ K}$$

$$F_w = 22.72 \text{ K}$$

WALL C Force Distribution						
TABLE						
MEMBER	Level 4 Axial F (K)	Level 3 axial F (K)	Level 2 axial F (K)	Level 1 axial F (K)	Level 0 axial F (K)	Direction
AB	32.76	125.18	208.6	284.5	353	C
BC	8.67	22.72	34.74	46.27	56.42	C
CD	66.0	260.73	463.1	672.9	889.1	C
AC	10.28	26.9	41.2	54.8	66.88	T
C1	32.76	125.2	208.7	284.5	353.0	X
C2	60.45	246.3	441.0	643.4	853.2	X
Fw	8.67	22.72	34.74	46.27	56.42	X

22-141 50 SHEETS  
 22-142 100 SHEETS  
 22-144 200 SHEETS  
 AMPAD

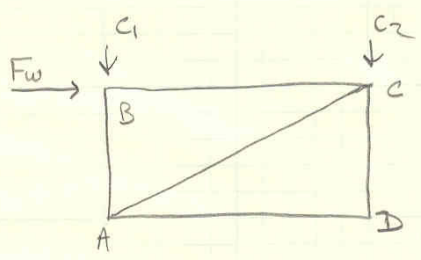
Braced Frame Distribution (11) Wall G - 4-Roof

$$A_{TC1} = (20+17)(15) + \frac{(15)(15)}{2} + 7(20) = 807 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{TC2} = 807 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$C_1 = C_2 = (807)(.232) = 187.2 \text{ K} \quad \text{floors}$$

$$C_1 = C_2 = (807)(.178) = 62.9 \text{ K} \quad \text{roof}$$



WALL G FORCE DISTRIBUTION TABLE - Axial force

Member	Level 4 (K)	Level 3 (K)	Level 2 (K)	Level 1 (K)	Level 0 (K)	Direction
AB	62.9	246.7	422.5	591.9	755.2	C
BC	8.3	18.8	28.72	38.26	46.65	C
CD	66.78	266.4	472.4	684.5	901.8	C
AC	9.16	22.28	34.04	45.35	55.29	T
C1	62.9	246.7	422.5	591.9	755.2	
C2	62.9	254.4	454.1	660.1	872.2	
Fw	8.3	18.8	28.72	38.26	46.65	

# Beam Design

Beam Design

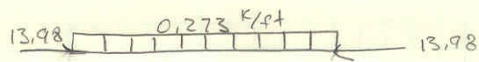
(1)

Wall A

Wall A

Level: 4 story

Member B-C



$$M_{max} = \frac{wL^2}{8} = \frac{0.273(30^2)}{8} = 30.71 \text{ k}$$

$$P_0 = 13.98 \text{ k}$$

$$KL_x = 30' \quad B_{1x} = 1.0$$

$$M_{0x} = (1.0)(30.71) = 30.71 \text{ k}$$

$$\text{TRY } W16 \times 26 \quad \phi M_p = 166 \text{ k} \gg 30.71 \text{ k}$$

Tensile force is too small to be considered.

$$I_x = 301 \text{ in}^4 \quad E = 29000 \text{ ksi}$$

$$A_{15} = \frac{5(0.273)(30^4)(1728)}{384(29000)(301)} = 0.57 \text{ in} < \frac{30(12)}{360} = 1''$$

OK

USE W16x26

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS

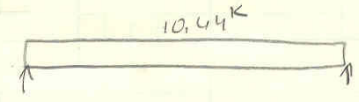
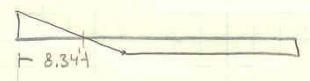
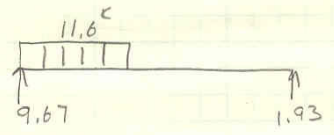
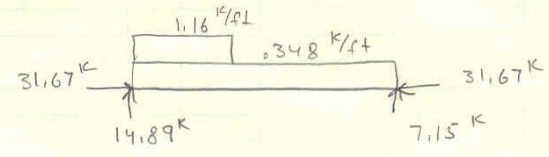


Beam Design (2) Wall A

Level 3

Wall A

Beam BC



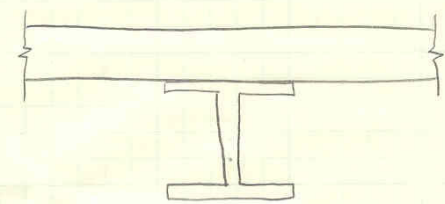
$$M_c = \frac{.348(30^2)}{2} = 39.15 \text{ k}$$

$$M_{x=10} = 34.3 \text{ k}$$

$$M_{max} = 38.6 + 34.3 = 73 \text{ k}$$

TRY W18x35

Nominal Flexural Strength  $M_n$



$$b_{eff} = \frac{30}{4} \text{ or } (2)$$

$$C_{conc} = (.85)(5)(2)(12)(4) = 408 \text{ k}$$

$$T_{st} = (.50)(10.3) = 515$$

$$T_{st} > C_{con} \Rightarrow 408 = 50(10.3 - x)$$

$$PNA = x = 0.357'' \text{ from TOF}$$

$$M_p = 408(2) + 50(6)(.357)\left(\frac{.357}{2}\right) + 50(10.3 - 6)(.357)(10) = 406.3 \text{ k}$$

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS  
SAMPAD



Level 3 cont...

$$\lambda_c = \frac{1.0(30)}{7.04\pi} \sqrt{\frac{50}{29000}} = 0.0563$$

$$\phi P_n = 0.85(0.658^{(0.0563)^2})(50)(10.3) = 437.17$$

$$\frac{P_u}{\phi P_n} = \frac{31.67}{437.17} = 0.07 < 0.2 \Rightarrow H1-16$$

$$\frac{31.67^k}{2(437.17)} + \left( \frac{73^k}{406.3^k(0.85)} \right) = 0.248 \leq 1.0 \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

$$\Delta = 0.1428 < \frac{1(12)}{360} = 1 \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

TRY

W16x26

$$C = 0.85(5)(2)(12)(4) = 408^k$$

$$T_s = (50)(7.68) = 384$$

$$a = \frac{384}{0.85(5)(24)} = 3.76''$$

$$M_p = 50(7.68)(7.85) + 384(2.118) = 3827.6 = 319.0^k$$

$$\phi M_n = 271.1^k$$

$$\phi P_n = 325.9$$

$$\frac{P_u}{\phi P_n} = 0.097 < 0.2 \Rightarrow H1-16$$

$$H1-16 \Rightarrow 0.3179 \leq 1.0 \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

$$\Delta = NG$$

USE W18x35

Summary of Wall A - Beams B-C

4	W16x26	-	0	W18x35
3	W18x35	1		
2	W18x35	1		
1	W18x35			

Level 2TRY W18x35 4" conc

$$\phi M_n = 345.4 \text{ k}$$

$$\phi P_n = 437.17 \text{ k}$$

$$\frac{P_u}{\phi P_n} = \frac{48.43 \text{ k}}{437.17 \text{ k}} = 0.11 < 0.2 \Rightarrow \text{HI-16}$$

$$\text{HI-16} = 0.266 < 1.0 \quad \text{OK}$$

 $\Delta$  OKLevel 1W18x35 4" conc

$$\phi M_n = 345.4 \text{ k}$$

$$\phi P_n = 437.17 \text{ k}$$

$$\frac{P_u}{\phi P_n} = \frac{64.51}{437.17} = 0.15 < 0.2 \Rightarrow \text{HI-16}$$

$$\text{HI-16} = 0.285 < 1.0 \quad \text{OK}$$

 $\Delta$  OKLevel 0W18x35 4" conc

$$P_u = 78.65$$

$$\frac{P_u}{\phi P_n} = 0.18 < 0.2 \quad \text{use HI-16}$$

$$\text{HI-16} \Rightarrow 0.3 < 1.0 \quad \text{OK}$$

 $\Delta$  OK

Level 4

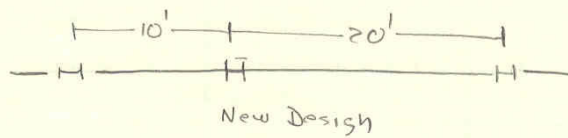
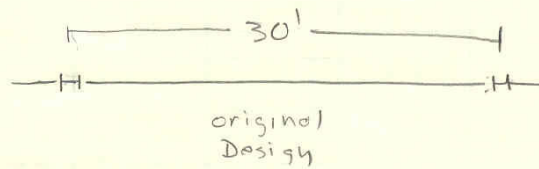
$$M_u = 29.25 \text{ k}$$

$$P_u = 4.46 \text{ k}$$

W 21x50

use original size

Beam got stronger with the addition of a column



Beam Design

(6)

Wall B

Level 3 → Level 0

USE W 18 x 35

$$w_D = (0.232)(30) = 6.96 \text{ k/ft}$$

$$M_D = \frac{6.96(10^2)}{8} = 87.1 \text{ k}$$

$$P_D = 10.09 \text{ k}$$

• Nominal Flex. Strength

$$b_{\text{eff}} = \left(\frac{10'}{4}\right) \text{ or } 30' \\ = 30''$$

$$C_{\text{conc}} = 0.85(5)(30)(4) = 510 \text{ k}$$

$$T_{\text{st}} = 515 \text{ k}$$

$$a = \frac{-510 + 50(10.3)}{50(6)} = 0.02'' \text{ -from TOF}$$

$$M_n = 510(2) - 50(6)(.02)\left(\frac{.02}{2}\right) + 50(10.3 - 6(.02))(8.9) \\ = 462.5 \text{ k}$$

$$\phi M_n = 393.1 \text{ k}$$

$$\phi P_n = 437.7 \text{ k}$$

$$\frac{P_D}{\phi P_n} = 0.023 < 0.2 \Rightarrow \text{H1-1b}$$

$$\text{H1-1b} = 0.233 < 1.0 \quad \text{OK}$$

Δ ⇒ OK

USE 18 x 3522-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS

Beam Design

(7)

Wall B

Levels 2, 1, 0

W18x35

1

Level 2

$$P_u = 15.42 \text{ k}$$

$$\frac{P_u}{\phi P_n} = 0.035 < 0.2 \Rightarrow H1-16 = 0.239 < 1.0 \text{ OK}$$

D = OK

Levels	Beam B-C size
4	W21x50
3	W18x35
2	↓
1	
0	

22-141 50 SHEETS  
 22-142 100 SHEETS  
 22-144 200 SHEETS  


Beam Design

8

Wall C

Wall C

$$b_{eff} = 66''$$

$$a = \frac{515}{.85(5 \times 66)} = 2.8136$$

$$M_n = 590(2.95) + 590(8.95) = 5851K$$

$$\phi M_n = 497.31K$$

$$I_{LB} = 1450 \text{ in}^4$$

$$\phi P_n = 501.2$$

$$\Delta = \frac{5\omega l^4}{384EI_{LB}}$$

$$M_{p4} = 117.9751K$$

$$\frac{e}{360} = \frac{22(12)}{360} = 0.733$$

$$M_{p0-3} = 350.91K$$

Level	Axial Force	M <sub>p</sub>	Size	Δ
4	8.67	1178	W 18x35	OK
3	22.72	351	W 18x40	0.72 <i>ok</i>
2	34.74	351	W 18x40	0.72
1	46.27	351	W 18x40	0.72
0	56.42	351	W 18x40	0.72

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS



Beam Design

(9)

Wall G

Wall G

$w_E = 0.468 \text{ K/ft}$

Roof

$M_p = 52.65 \text{ K}$

$w = 0.696 \text{ K/ft}$

Floor

$M_p = 78.3 \text{ K}$

$b_{eff} = 36 \text{''}$

W16 x 26

$\phi M_n = 290 \text{ K}$

$E_c$   $M_1 - I_d$  governs

$\phi P_n = 325 \text{ K}$

$I_{LB} = 730 \text{ in}^4$

Max  $\Delta = 1 \text{''}$

Level	Axial Force	$M_p$	size	Deflection (in)
4	8.3	52.65	W16 x 26*	0.977
3	18.8	78.3	W16 x 26	0.6
2	28.72	78.3	W16 x 26	0.6
1	38.26	78.3	W16 x 26	0.6
0	46.65	78.3	W16 x 26	0.6

\* Noncomposite Beam

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS



NEW

1

Typical Girder design.

Loods:

$$LL = 100 \text{ psf}$$

$$DL = 60 \text{ psf}$$

LL Reduction

$$0.25 + \frac{15}{\sqrt{2(30)^2}} = 0.6 > 0.4 \text{ OK}$$

$$LL = 100(0.6) = 60 \text{ psf}$$

Factored Loads

$$1.2(60)(30') + 1.6(60)30' = 5040 \text{ PLF} = \boxed{5.04 \text{ KLF}}$$

Max Moments & shear

$$M = \frac{wL^2}{8} = \frac{5.04(30^2)}{8} = \boxed{567 \text{ K}}$$

$$V_u = \frac{wL}{2} = \frac{5.04(30)}{2} = \boxed{75.6 \text{ K}}$$

Composite Beam:

Assume  $a = 2 \text{ in}$

$$Y_2 = Y_{con} - \frac{a}{2} = 4 - \frac{2}{2} = 3 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{TRY: } W 24 \times 62 \quad \phi_b M_n = 962 \text{ K} @ \text{TFL}, E Q_n = 915 \text{ K}$$



## Typical Girder Design

2

check  $Y_2$ :

$$b \leq \begin{cases} 2 \times \frac{30}{8} = 7.5' & \text{controls} \\ 30' \end{cases}$$

$$b = 90''$$

$$a_{req} = \frac{8Q_n}{.85f_c b} = \frac{915^k}{.85(3)(90'')} = 3.99''$$

$$Y_2 = 4 - \frac{3.99}{2} = 2 < 3 \quad \boxed{\text{OK}}$$

$$I_{LB} = 3580 \quad [\text{LRFD T 5.15}]$$

$$A = \frac{5wL^4}{384EI} = \frac{5(5.04)(30^4)(12^3)}{384(29000)(3580)} = 0.885''$$

$$\frac{30(12)}{360} = 1'' > 0.885'' \quad \text{OK}$$

Shear check

$$\phi V_n = 275^k > 75.6^k \quad \text{OK}$$

check UNSHORED!

Assume  $LL = 20 \text{ psf}$

$$(1) \quad 1.4(60)(30) = 2.52 \text{ KLF}$$

$$(2) \quad 1.2(60)(30) + 1.6(20)(30) = 3.12 \text{ KLF} \leftarrow \text{controls}$$

$$M_o = \frac{3.12(30)^2}{8} = 351^k < 578^k \quad \text{OK}$$

$$V_o = \frac{3.12(30)}{2} = 46.8^k < 275^k \quad \text{OK}$$

## Typical Girder Design

Unshored Girder (W24 x 62)  $I = 1560$ 

Deflect. check

$$A = \frac{5wL^4}{384EI} = \frac{5(3.12)(30^4)(12^3)}{384(29000)(1560)} = 1.257''$$

$$\frac{30(12)}{360} = 1 < 1.257'' \quad \text{NG}$$

TRY W24 x 68

Shear & Moment capacities are OK  
Composite  $A < 1''$  OK

Unshored Moments &amp; Shears are OK

$$A = \frac{5wL^4}{384(EI)} = \frac{5(3.14)(30^4)(12^3)}{384(29000)(1830)} = 1 \quad \text{OK}$$

USE W24 x 68

NO changes with respect to  
Original Design.

# Column Design

Column Design

(1)

Wall A

WALL A

W12x22

Not slender

$$\frac{KL_x}{r_x} = \frac{1(14)(12)}{5.31} = 31.638$$

$$\lambda_c = \frac{KL}{r\pi} \sqrt{\frac{F_y}{E}}$$

$$\frac{KL_y}{r_y} = \frac{1(14)(12)}{3.04} = 55.21$$

Buckling about Y-Y axis controls

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_c P_n &= \phi F_c A_g \\ &= 0.85(1.658 \text{ ksi})(50)(21.1) = 717.3 \text{ k} \end{aligned}$$

W12x79

$$\phi P_n = 789.8$$

$$W12x106 \quad \phi P_n = 1071 \text{ k} > 1022 \quad \text{OK}$$

$$W12x50 \quad \phi P_n = 362.6 \text{ k} > 305 \quad \text{OK}$$

Columns

use W12x106 column spanning from 0 to 3

use W12x50 from 3 to roof

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS



Column Design

(2)

Wall B, C, D, E, F, G

WALL B

TRY W12x35  $\phi P_n = 183.4^k > 180^k$  OK

TRY W12x65  $\phi P_n = 647.4 > 561.6$  OK

USE!

W12x35 for levels 3 + up

W12x65 for levels 0 to 3

WALL C

W12x40 ( $\phi P_n = 287 > 260.7$ ) Levels 3 + up

W12x96 ( $\phi P_n = 965 > 889.1$ ) Levels 0 to 3

WALL G

W12x40 ( $\phi P_n = 287 > 266.4$ ) Levels 3 + up

W12x96 ( $\phi P_n = 965 > 901.8$ ) Levels 0 to 3

WALL D

W12x40 3 +

W12x96 0-3

WALL E

W12x50 3 +

W12x106 0-3

WALL F

W12x35 3 +

W12x65 0-3

22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS



## Nonbraced Frame Column Design. (1)

30'x30' Bay
DL = 60 psf — Floor
LL = 100 psf
SL = 21 psf
DL = 25 psf — Roof
LL = 30 psf — Roof

### LL Reduction:

- FLOOR

$$\frac{LL}{L_0} = 0.25 + \frac{15}{\sqrt{A_x}}$$

$$= 0.25 + \frac{15}{\sqrt{60^2 \times 4}} = 0.375 < \boxed{0.4} \text{ controls}$$

- ROOF

$$L_r = 30R_1R_2 \quad (12 \leq L_r \leq 20)$$

$$R_1 = 0.6 \quad (900 \text{ ft}^2)$$

$$R_2 = 1 \quad (\text{Flat Roof})$$

$$L_r = 20(0.6)(1) = 18 \text{ psf}$$

### Loads:

$$DL = 60(4)(30^2) + 25(30^2) = 238.5 \text{ K}$$

$$LL = 0.4(100)(30^2) + 18(30^2) = 160.2 \text{ K}$$

$$SL = 21(30^2) = 18.9 \text{ K}$$

### Load combinations.

1.4(D)

$$1.2(D) + 1.6(L) + 0.5(S) = \boxed{551.65 \text{ K}} \leftarrow \text{controls}$$

## Nonbraced Frame Column Design (2)

$$P_u = 551.65$$

$$\text{TRY } W12 \times 58 \quad [r_x = 5.28, r_y = 2.51, A_g = 17.0 \text{ in}^2]$$

Buckling about y-y axis

$$\phi_c P_n = \phi_c F_c A_g$$

$$\lambda_c = \frac{KL}{r\pi} \sqrt{\frac{F_y}{E}} = \frac{(14)(12)}{(2.51)(\pi)} \sqrt{\frac{50}{29000}} = 0.88$$

$$\phi_c P_n = 0.85 (0.658^{0.88}) (50)(17.0) = 522.5 \text{ K} \quad \text{NG}$$

TRY  $W12 \times 65$

$$\phi_c P_n = 647 \text{ K} > 551.65 \text{ K} \quad \text{OK} \quad (\text{+RFD T 4-2})$$

USE  $W12 \times 65$

\* Note! Compare to  $W12 \times 72$  in original design

Approximately 10% reduction strength wise

Approximately 10% reduction in size

Reason: Elimination of!

① Wind Moments

\* Note! Moment connections are only 40%  
resistive, and do not resist Beams FEM.  
Beams were designed as pin connected,

# Foundation Design



## Foundation Design - Typical Non-Brocod Frame,

$$P_D = 238.5^k$$

$$P_L = 157.5^k$$

$$P = P_D + P_L + P_S \quad 16^k$$

$$B \geq \sqrt{\frac{9.14}{4}} = 10.725 \text{ FT} \quad \text{use } 11' \times 11'$$

$$P_u = 1.2(238.5) + 1.6(157.5) + 1.5(16) = 547$$

$$q = \frac{547}{11^2} = 4.52 \text{ ksf} = 31.4 \text{ psi}$$

$$v_c = 0.75(4)(\sqrt{3000}) = 164 \text{ psi}$$

$$d^2(164 + \frac{31.45}{4}) + d(164 + \frac{31.45}{2}) - 24 = \frac{31.45}{4}(13^2 - 24^2)$$

$$171.85d^2 + 4312.8d - 132257 = 0$$

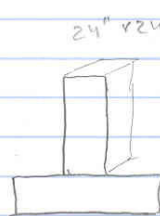
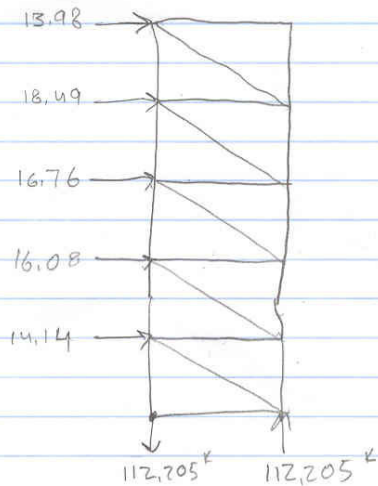
$$d = 17.90''$$

$$h = 17.90 + 3 + 0.625 = 21.5'' \quad \text{use } 22''$$

Footings: 10' x 10' x 22''

Typical (30' x 30') Column - Z  
 Foundation Design Frame A, E

①



144,000

$$\frac{L}{L_0} = L \left( 0.75 + \frac{15}{\sqrt{4(3600)}} \right) \leq 0.4 \text{ use } 0.4$$

$$L = (100 \text{ psf}) (0.4) = 40 \text{ psf}$$

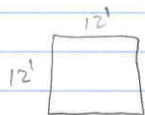
$$LL = 40 \text{ psf} (30')^2 + 1.5 (30') (30') = 157,500 = 157.5 \text{ k}$$

$$DL = 60 (30')^2 + 2.5 (30') = 238.5 \text{ k}$$

$$P_f = P_D + P_L + P_w = 238.5 + 157.5 + 112,205 = 508,205 \text{ k}$$

$$q_a = 4000 \text{ psf} = 4 \text{ ks f}$$

$$B \geq \sqrt{\frac{508,205}{4}} = 11.27' \text{ use } 12'$$



3

$$\textcircled{2} \quad 1.2(238.5) + 0.5(157.5) + 1.6(112.205) = 544.478 \text{ k}$$

$$+ 1.4(238.5) =$$

$$1.2(238.5) + 1.8(157.5) + 0.5(21 \times 30^2) = 547.65 \quad \leftarrow \text{controls}$$

$$q = \frac{547.65}{144} = 3.8 \text{ ksf} = 26.39 \text{ psi}$$

$$v_c = .75(4) \sqrt{3000} = 164 \text{ psi}$$

$$d^2(164 + \frac{26.39}{4}) + d(164 + \frac{26.39}{2})(24) = \frac{26.39}{4}(144^2 - 24^2)$$

$$170.6 d^2 + 4252.68 d - 133005.6 = 0$$

$$d = 18.11''$$

$$h = 18.11 + 3 + 0.825 = 21.7''$$

$$\text{use } h = 22''$$

$$d = 22 - 3 - 0.825 = 18.375''$$

$$l = \frac{13 - 24''}{2} = \frac{12' - 2'}{2} = 5'$$

$$M_u = \frac{3.8(5)^2}{2} = 47.5 \text{ k}$$

$$a = \frac{A_s(60 \text{ ksi})}{.85(3 \text{ ksi})(12'')} = 1.96 A_s$$

$$M_u = \phi M_n = \phi A_s f_y \left( d - \frac{a}{2} \right)$$

$$47.5(12) = 0.9 A_s (60 \text{ ksi}) \left( 18.375 - \frac{1.96 A_s}{2} \right)$$

$$10.56 = 18.375 A_s - \frac{1.96 A_s^2}{2}$$

$$0.98 A_s^2 - 18.375 A_s + 10.56 = 0$$

$$A_s = 0.59 \approx 0.60 \text{ in}^2$$

③ use #7 @ 12' o.c.,  $A_s = 0.60 \text{ in}^2$

$$\rho = \frac{A_s}{b h} = \frac{0.60}{(12')(22'')} = 0.00227 \geq 0.0018 \quad \text{OK}$$

$$a) = 1.96(A_s) = 1.96(0.6) = 1.176''$$

$$c = \frac{a}{1.85} = 1.568''$$

$$E_s = \frac{0.003(d-c)}{c} = \frac{0.003(18.375 - 1.568)}{1.568} = 0.0322 \frac{\text{in}}{\text{in}} \geq 0.005 \frac{\text{in}}{\text{in}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi = 0.9$$

Spacing ok by inspection

USE (12) #7 each way

$$\phi B_n = 0.65(0.85)(3 \text{ ksi})(24'')^2 = 955 \text{ K}$$

$$\phi B_n = 955 \text{ K} \geq P_u = 508.2 \text{ K} \quad \text{OK}$$

$$A_{s \text{ min}} = 0.005 A_{c \text{ tot}}$$

$$= 0.005(24'')^2 = 2.88 \text{ in}^2 \rightarrow \text{does not control}$$

Final: USE 12 #7 each way

Footing SIZE 12' x 12' x 22''

## FOUNDATION DESIGN

Typical BAY, NON BASED FRAME

Using Gravity loads obtained earlier in  
Bridged frame foundation design.

$$LL = 157.5^k \quad (\text{Reduced})$$

$$DL = 238.5^k$$

$$SL = 21/30^k = 18.9^k$$

$$1.2(238.5^k) + 1.6(157.5) + 0.5(18.9) = 547.65$$

No moments

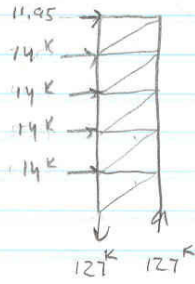
$1.2D + 1.6L + 0.5S$  load combination controls

So! design is the same as shown in  
Bridged frame foundation design.

USE (12) #7 each way

size 12' x 12' x 22"

## Foundation Design Frame C, D



$$A_T = 512.5 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_I = 2460 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$DL = 60 \text{ psf}$$

$$DL_{\text{roof}} = 25 \text{ psf}$$

$$LL = R \cdot 100 \text{ psf}$$

$$SL = 21 \text{ psf}$$

$$\frac{LL}{L_0} = \frac{25 + 15}{14(2460)} = 0.401 \leq 0.4 \text{ OK}$$

$$LL = 100(0.4) = 40 \text{ psf}$$

$$P_D = 60(512.5) + 25(512.5) = 135.8 \text{ K}$$

$$P_L = 40(512.5) + 30(512.5) = 97.4 \text{ K}$$

$$P_W = 127 \text{ K}$$

$$P_c = P_D + P_L + P_W = 360.2 \text{ K}$$

$$B = \sqrt{\frac{360.2}{4}} = 9.5' \Rightarrow 10'$$

$$P_u = 1.2(135.8) + 1.6(97.4) + 0.5(21) \frac{(512.5)}{1000} = 324.2 \text{ K}$$

$$\rightarrow P_u = 1.2(135.8) + 0.5(97.4) + 1.6(127) = 414.9 \text{ K}$$

$$q = \frac{414.9}{10^2} = 4.14 \text{ ksf} = 28.8 \text{ psi}$$

$$V_c = 164 \text{ psi}$$

7

$$d^2 \left( 164 + \frac{28.8}{4} \right) + d \left( 164 + \frac{28.8}{2} \right) \cdot 4 - \frac{28.8}{4} (170^2 - 24^2) = 0$$

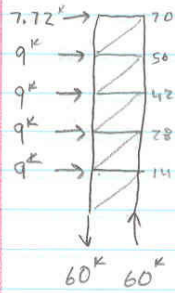
$$171.2 d^2 + 4281.6 d - 99532.8 = 0$$

$$d = 14.7$$

$$h = 14.7 + 3 + 625 \approx 18.3'' \Rightarrow 20''$$

Footing:  $10' \times 10' \times 20''$

Foundation Design - Frame 6



$$A_T = 835 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_I = 3015 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$DL = 60 \text{ psf}$$

$$DL_{\text{roof}} = 25 \text{ psf}$$

$$LL = 100 \text{ psf}$$

$$SL = 21 \text{ psf}$$

$$LL_R = 30 \text{ psf}$$

$$\frac{LL}{L_0} = \frac{.25 + 15}{4\sqrt{3015}} = .39 \Rightarrow 0.4$$

$$LL = 0.4(100) = 40 \text{ psf}$$

$$P_D = 835(60)(4) + 835(25) = 221.3 \text{ K}$$

$$P_L = 835(40)(4) + 835(30) = 158.7 \text{ K}$$

$$P_W = 60 \text{ K} = 60 \text{ K}$$

$$P_S = 21(835) = 17.5 \text{ K}$$

$$P = 440 \text{ K}$$

$$B = \sqrt{\frac{440}{4}} = 10.4' \Rightarrow 11'$$

$$P_U = 1.2(221.3) + 1.6(158.7) + 0.5(17.5) = 528.23 \text{ K}$$

$$P_U = 1.2(221.3) + 0.5(158.7) + 1.6(60) = 440.9 \text{ K}$$

$$q = \frac{528.23}{11^2} = 4.3 \text{ Ksf} = 30.3 \text{ psi}$$

$$V_c = 164 \text{ psi}$$



9

## Foundation Design Frame 6

$$d^2(164 + \frac{30,3}{4}) + d(164 + \frac{30,3}{2})24 - \frac{30,3}{4}(132^2 - 24^2) = 0$$

$$171,6 d^2 + 4299,6 d - 127623,6 = 0$$

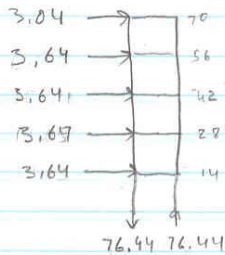
$$d = 17,5''$$

$$h = 17,5 + 3 + 0,625 = 21,1 \Rightarrow 22''$$

Footing: 11' x 11' x 22''

# Foundation Design

Frame B  
Frame F (1)



$$A_T = (15)(30) = 450 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_F = (30)(60) = 1800 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$DL = 60 \text{ psf}$$

$$R_{DL} = 25 \text{ psf}$$

$$LL = 100 \text{ psf (R)}$$

$$\frac{LL}{L_0} = \left( \frac{25 + 15}{\sqrt{4(1800)}} \right) = 0.42 > 0.4 \text{ OK}$$

$$LL = 100(0.427) = 42.7 \text{ psf}$$

Gravity loads

$$P_D = 60(450)(4) + 25(450) = 119,25 \text{ K}$$

$$P_L = 42.7(450)(4) + 30(450) = 90,36 \text{ K}$$

$$P_W = 76.44$$

$$P = P_D + P_L + P_W = 119,25 + 90,36 + 76,4 = 286 \text{ K}$$

$$B \geq \sqrt{\frac{286 \times 4}{4}} = 8,5' \text{ use } 9'$$

$$P_U = 1,2(119,25) + 1,6(90,36) + 0,5 \frac{(21)(450)}{1000} = 292 \text{ K}$$

$$P_U = 1,2(119,25) + 0,5(90,36) + 1,6(76,4) = 310,5 \text{ K}$$

$$q = \frac{310,5}{9^2} = 3,83 \text{ ksf} = 26,62 \text{ psi}$$

$$v_c = .75(4)(\sqrt{3000}) = 164 \text{ psi}$$

Foundation Design Frame B (2)

$$d^2 \left( 164 + \frac{26.6}{4} \right) + d \left( 164 + \frac{26.6}{2} \right) 24 - \frac{26.6}{4} (108^2 - 24^2) = 0$$

$$170.7 d^2 + 4255.2 d - 73735.2 = 0$$

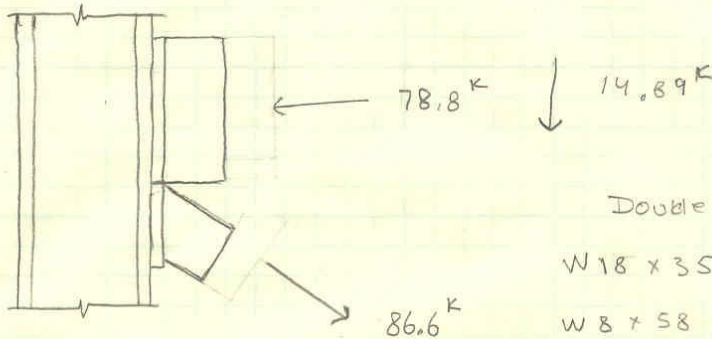
$$d = 11.77 \text{ "}$$

$$h = 3 + 11.77 + .625 = 15.4 \text{ Use } 16 \text{ "}$$

Footing: 10' x 10' x 16"

Pier: 24" x 24" x 20"

# Connection Design



FRAME A  
FLOOR OF LEVEL 1

Double Angle  
 W18 x 35 :  $T = 15\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $t_w = 0.30$ "  
 W8 x 58 :  $T = 5\frac{3}{4}$ ,  $t_w = 0.510$ "  
 W12 x 106 :  $t_w = 0.610$ "

Connection consists of 2 separate connections: one supports the beam, another connects diagonal brace to the column.

- Beam Connection

Shear stress

FACTORED REACTION  $R_u = 14.89^k$      $R_{ux} = 78.8$      $R_u = 80.2^k$

TRY 3 Rows of Bolts (TABLE 10-1 LRFD)

- $\phi R_n = 94.9^k > 14.89^k$  OK (STD,  $\frac{5}{16}$ "  $\frac{3}{4}$ " BOLTS) (2" Long)
- $\phi R_n$  for uncracked 0.300 in web =  $344(0.300) = 103.2 > 14.89$  OK
- $\phi R_{n, sup.col} = 2(344)(0.610) = 419.68 > 14.89$  OK (W12 x 106)  
 $L = 1\frac{1}{4} + 1\frac{1}{4} + 2(3) = 8\frac{1}{2}" < 15\frac{1}{2}"$  OK

USE (2)  $L5 \times 3 \times \frac{5}{16}$  - Angle connection with 3 rows of  $\frac{3}{4}$ " BOLTS

- Diagonal connection (@ the column) (T 7-10 LRFD)

shear stress on the column:  $R = 86.6 \sin(25^\circ) = 36.62^k$

TRY 2  $\frac{3}{4}$ " A325 BOLTS  $\Rightarrow f_u = \frac{36.62}{2(2)(0.442)} = 20.72$  ksi

$20.72$  ksi  $< 45$  ksi OK

## Connection Design

Z

Tension stress: @ column

$$f_t = \frac{T_o}{N_b A_b} = \frac{86.6(\cos 25)}{4(0.442)} = 44.4 \text{ ksi} < 45 \text{ ksi OK}$$

Limiting tension:

$$\text{stress } \phi F_t = 0.75(117 - 2(20.72) \leq 90] = 56.67 > 44.4$$

OK

Shear stress on the beam

$$f_v = \frac{86.6}{2(3)(4.42)} = 32.65 \text{ ksi} < 45 \text{ ksi OK}$$

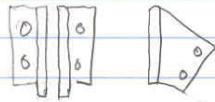
$$L = 1\frac{1}{4} + 1\frac{1}{4} + 2(3) = 8.5 > T = 5.75 \text{ NG.}$$

TRY 2  $\cdot \frac{7}{8}$ " Bolts

$$f_v = \frac{86.6}{2(2)(6.01)} = 36.02$$

$$L = 5.5 < 5.75 \text{ OK}$$

USE Double Angles: 2  $\frac{3}{4}$ " #325 Bolts / angle  
to connect to column  
+ 2  $\frac{7}{8}$ " #325 Bolts to  
connect to beam.



## Connection Design

3

Summary:

### Typical Beam connection

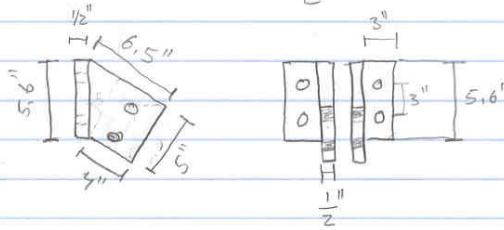
(2)  $L5 \times 3 \times \frac{5}{16} \times 10''$  3 rows of  $\frac{3}{4}$ " A325 Bolts

$$\text{Total weight of L} = 8.19 \left( \frac{10}{12} \right) (2) = \boxed{13.65 \text{ lbs}}$$

### Diagonal connection

Frame A, Level 0.

(2) sloped Angles:  $\frac{1}{2}$ " thick



$$\text{Total weight of Angles} = \left[ 2(3.5)(5.6) \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) + 2(5)(4) \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) + 2.5(5) \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) - 2.4 \right] \times 0.2835$$

$$= \boxed{12.32 \text{ lbs}}$$

Note:  $\rho$  of steel  $\frac{0.2835 \text{ lbs}}{\text{in}^3}$

# Computer Analysis



## Computer Analysis (1)

K-values:

$$K = \frac{F}{\Delta} \quad (\Delta \text{ were obtained from Stood 2004})$$

• Frame A:

$$K = \frac{1}{0.017} = 58.82 \frac{\text{K}}{\text{in}} \quad (48.193, 33.72)$$

• Frame B:

$$K = \frac{1}{0.069} = 14.49 \frac{\text{K}}{\text{in}} \quad (8.52, 11.592)$$

• Frame C

$$K = \frac{1}{0.018} = 55.56 \frac{\text{K}}{\text{in}} \quad (0, 55.56)$$

• Frame D

$$K = \frac{1}{0.018} = 55.56 \frac{\text{K}}{\text{in}} \quad (0, 55.56)$$

• Frame E

$$K = \frac{1}{0.017} = 58.82 \frac{\text{K}}{\text{in}} \quad (48.193, 33.72)$$

• Frame F

$$K = \frac{1}{0.069} = 14.49 \frac{\text{K}}{\text{in}} \quad (8.52, 11.592)$$

• Frame G

$$K = \frac{1}{0.021} = 47.62 \frac{\text{K}}{\text{in}} \quad (47.62, 0)$$

$$z^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$a^2 = b^2$$

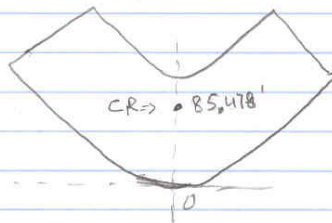
## Computer Analysis (2)

The center of Rigidity

$$\bar{x} = \boxed{0} \quad (\text{symmetry})$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{32.5'(47.62) + 97.25'(0.588)(14.49)(2) + 109.58(1.819)(58.82)(2)}{47.62 + 2(0.588)(14.49) + 2(1.819)(58.82)}$$

$$\bar{y} = \boxed{85.478 \text{ ft}}$$



$$I_{xx} = 47.62(50.17)^2 + 48.17(27)^2(2) + 8.52(14.67^2)(2)$$

$$I_{xx} = 193759.9 \frac{\text{K}}{\text{in}} \cdot \text{ft}^2$$

$$I_{yy} = 55.56(15^2)(2) + 34.47(71.08^2)(2) + 11.592(61.75^2)(2)$$

$$= 461714 \frac{\text{K}}{\text{in}} \cdot \text{ft}^2$$

$$I_p = 193759.9 + 461714 = \boxed{655474.08} \frac{\text{K} \cdot \text{ft}^2}{\text{in}}$$

### Computer Analysis (3)

Direct Forces:


$$F = \frac{k_{iy} P_y}{\sum k_{iy}}$$

Forces due to Torsion:

$$F_T = \frac{k_i d_i}{\sum (k_i d_i^2)} M = \frac{k_i d_i M}{I_P}$$

Resulting Controlling Forces: in K

Frame	Level				
	Roof	4th	3rd	2nd	1st
A	12.64	28.62	43.76	58.29	71.07
B	3.04	6.90	10.54	14.05	17.13
C	11.95	27.07	41.39	55.14	67.23
D	11.95	27.07	41.39	55.14	67.23
E	12.64	28.62	43.76	58.29	71.07
F	3.04	6.90	10.54	14.05	17.13
G	7.718	17.48	26.7	35.57	43.38

 Software licensed to PENN STATE UNIVERSITY	Job No	Sheet No <b>1</b>	Rev
	Part		
Job Title	Ref		
Client	By	Date 22-Nov-06	Chd
	File	Braced Frame Evaluatio	Date/Time 22-Nov-2006 16:22

### Job Information

	Engineer	Checked	Approved
Name:			
Date:	22-Nov-06		

Structure Type SPACE FRAME

Number of Nodes	4	Highest Node	4
Number of Elements	4	Highest Beam	5

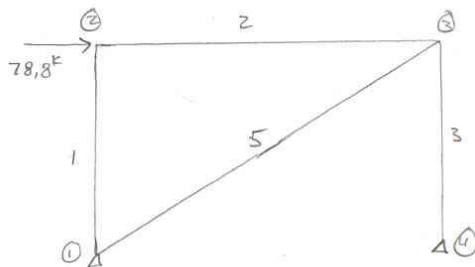
Number of Basic Load Cases	1
Number of Combination Load Cases	0

Included in this printout are data for:

All	The Whole Structure
-----	---------------------

Included in this printout are results for load cases:

Type	L/C	Name
Primary	1	WIND LOAD




### Beam End Forces

Sign convention is as the action of the joint on the beam.

Beam	Node	L/C	Axial	Shear		Torsion	Bending	
			Fx (kip)	Fy (kip)	Fz (kip)	Mx (kip'in)	My (kip'in)	Mz (kip'in)
1	1	1:WIND LOAD	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	2	1:WIND LOAD	-0.000	-0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2	2	1:WIND LOAD	78.800	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	3	1:WIND LOAD	-78.800	-0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
3	3	1:WIND LOAD	36.773	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	4	1:WIND LOAD	-36.773	-0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
5	1	1:WIND LOAD	-86.958	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	3	1:WIND LOAD	86.958	-0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

### Reactions

Node	L/C	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Moment		
		FX (kip)	FY (kip)	FZ (kip)	MX (kip'in)	MY (kip'in)	MZ (kip'in)
1	1:WIND LOAD	-78.800	-36.773	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
4	1:WIND LOAD	-0.000	36.773	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

 Software licensed to PENN STATE UNIVERSITY	Job No	Sheet No <b>1</b>	Rev
	Part		
Job Title <i>Braced Frame Force Distribution</i>	Ref		
Client	By	Date 22-Nov-06	Chd
	File	Braced Frame Evaluatio	Date/Time 22-Nov-2006 16:05

### Job Information

	Engineer	Checked	Approved
Name:			
Date:	22-Nov-06		

Structure Type **SPACE FRAME**

Number of Nodes	4	Highest Node	4
Number of Elements	5	Highest Beam	5

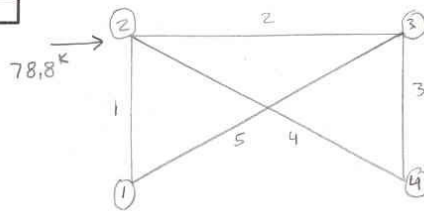
Number of Basic Load Cases	1
Number of Combination Load Cases	0

Included in this printout are data for:

All	The Whole Structure
-----	---------------------

Included in this printout are results for load cases:

Type	L/C	Name
Primary	1	Wind Load



### Beam End Forces

Sign convention is as the action of the joint on the beam.

Beam	Node	L/C	Axial			Shear		Torsion	Bending	
			Fx (kip)	Fy (kip)	Fz (kip)	Mx (kip'in)	My (kip'in)	Mz (kip'in)		
1	1	1:Wind Load	-25.232	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
	2	1:Wind Load	25.232	-0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
2	2	1:Wind Load	24.731	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
	3	1:Wind Load	-24.731	-0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
3	3	1:Wind Load	11.541	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
	4	1:Wind Load	-11.541	-0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
4	4	1:Wind Load	59.666	-0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
	2	1:Wind Load	-59.666	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
5	1	1:Wind Load	-27.292	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
	3	1:Wind Load	27.292	-0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	

### Reactions

Node	L/C	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Moment		
		FX (kip)	FY (kip)	FZ (kip)	MX (kip'in)	MY (kip'in)	MZ (kip'in)
1	1:Wind Load	-24.731	-36.773	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
4	1:Wind Load	-54.069	36.773	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



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Job No	Sheet No <b>1</b>	Rev
Part	Ref	
By	Date 22-Nov-06	Chd
Client	File Braced Frame Evaluatio	Date/Time 22-Nov-2006 17:00

### Job Information

	Engineer	Checked	Approved
Name:			
Date:	22-Nov-06		

Structure Type SPACE FRAME

Number of Nodes	5	Highest Node	5
Number of Elements	6	Highest Beam	6

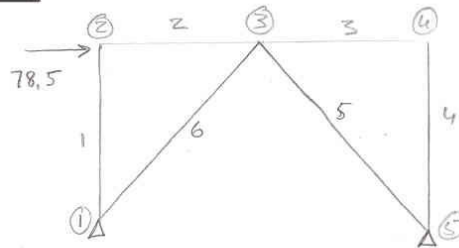
Number of Basic Load Cases	1
Number of Combination Load Cases	0

Included in this printout are data for:

All	The Whole Structure
-----	---------------------

Included in this printout are results for load cases:

Type	L/C	Name
Primary	1	Wind Load



### Beam End Forces

Sign convention is as the action of the joint on the beam.

Beam	Node	L/C	Axial			Shear			Torsion			Bending		
			Fx (kip)	Fy (kip)	Fz (kip)	Mx (kip'in)	My (kip'in)	Mz (kip'in)						
1	1	1:Wind Load	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-0.000	
	2	1:Wind Load	0.000	-0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
2	2	1:Wind Load	78.800	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
	3	1:Wind Load	-78.800	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
3	3	1:Wind Load	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
	4	1:Wind Load	-0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
4	4	1:Wind Load	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
	5	1:Wind Load	0.000	-0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-0.000	
5	1	1:Wind Load	-53.895	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
	3	1:Wind Load	53.895	-0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
6	3	1:Wind Load	53.895	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
	5	1:Wind Load	-53.895	-0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	

### Reactions

Node	L/C	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Moment		
		FX (kip)	FY (kip)	FZ (kip)	MX (kip'in)	MY (kip'in)	MZ (kip'in)
1	1:Wind Load	-118.200	-36.773	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
5	1:Wind Load	-39.400	36.773	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

# Cost Comparison

## Connection Cost Estimate:

### Moment Connection

- (20)  $\frac{3}{4}$ " x 2" Bolts
- 5'  $\frac{5}{16}$ " 0.4#/LF weld
- 52"  $5 \times 3 \times \frac{3}{8}$  Angle

Cost Includes Material, Labor, eg. d OHP

① Bolts = 5.50 #/Bolt

② Weld = 19.30 #/LF

③ Angle = 1.368 #/LB

### Time:

① Bolts = 0.067 h/Bolt

② weld = 0.211 h/LF

### Total Cost

Bolts =  $20(5.50) = \$110$

Weld =  $19.30(5') = \$96.5$

Angle =  $1.368(8.19)(52/12) = \$48.55$

**Total = \$255** (\$97.45 for labor)

**Total Time:**  $0.067(20) + 0.211(5) = 2.40$  hours



### Connection Cost Estimate:

#### Shear Connection:

$$\# \text{ of Bolts} = 9 + 6 = 15 \text{ Bolts/connection}$$

$$\text{Cost} = \$3.50/\text{Bolt}$$

$$\text{Time} = 0.067 \text{ hours/Bolt}$$

$$\text{Two Angles} = 13.65 \text{ lbs}$$

$$\text{Two Plates} = 12.32 \text{ lbs}$$

$$\bullet \text{ Cost of Bolts} = (15)(3.50) = \$52.5$$

$$\bullet \text{ Total cost of Bolts including Mat, labor, Eq. O \& P} \\ (15)(5.55) = \$83.25 =$$

$$\bullet \text{ Total cost of angles} = \frac{1.35 \$}{\text{lb}} \times 13.65 \text{ lb} = \$18.56$$

$$\bullet \text{ Total cost of plates} = \frac{21.50 \$}{\text{SF}} \cdot \frac{\text{SF}}{20.4 \text{ lbs}}, 12.32 \text{ lbs}$$

$$= \$13.0 / 2 \text{ plates}$$

$$\underline{\text{Total Cost}} = \$83.25 + \$18.5 + \$13.0 = \boxed{\$114.75} \\ (\$39.9 \text{ for labor}) \quad \text{per connection}$$

$$\underline{\text{Total time}} = 0.067(15) = \boxed{1.005 \text{ hours}}$$

## Connection cost estimate

Shear connection - Non-Breced Frame.

$$\# \text{ of Bolts} = 9$$

$$\text{Two angles} = 13.65 \text{ lbs}$$

$$\text{Cost of Bolts} = 5.55 \text{ \$/Bolt}$$

$$\text{Cost of Angles} = 1.35 \text{ \$/lb}$$

$$\text{Total cost} = 9(5.55) + 1.35(13.65) = \boxed{68.38}$$

$$\text{Total time} = 0.067(9) = \boxed{0.603 \text{ hrs}}$$

Estimate of cost difference between  
original & new columns,

Labor, Equipment, and O&P, costs difference between the original and new columns are negligible. The only variable is the material cost.

- Material cost of original =  $1.04(72) = 74.88 \text{ \$/LF}$

- Material cost of new =  $1.04(65) = 67.60 \text{ \$/LF}$

$$\text{Difference} = \$7.28 / \text{LF} = 7 \approx 10\% \text{ increase}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Weight difference;} & \approx 36(72)(42) - 36(65)(42) + \\ & 36(53)(28) - 36(50)(28) \\ & \approx 13,608 \text{ lbs} \end{aligned}$$

$$A = 1.04(13608) = \$14152.32$$

Total Difference in column

cost is \$ 14152.32

Original Moment Frame Columns: \$ 168,779.52

Redesigned Columns : \$ 154,627.20

## Diagonals Cost Estimate

$$WT9 \times 38 = \Rightarrow 132.40 \text{ ft}$$

$$WT8 \times 33.5 = \Rightarrow 796.91 \text{ ft}$$

$$WT \text{ Material} = 1.04 \text{ \$/lb}$$

$$\text{Labor} = 2.02 \text{ \$/LF}$$

$$\text{Equip} = 1.32 \text{ \$/LF}$$

$$O\&P = 11\%$$

$$WT9 \times 38 = \left( 1.04 \frac{\$}{\text{lb}} \times \frac{38 \text{ lb}}{\text{LF}} + 2.02 + 1.32 \right) 132.40 \text{ ft}$$

$$= \$5674.66 +$$

$$+ O\&P$$

$$= 5,674.66 + 5,674.66 (0.11) = \underline{\underline{\$6,298.88}}$$

$$WT8 \times 33.5 = (1.04(33.5) + 2.02 + 1.32) 796.91$$

$$= \$31222.93$$

$$+ O\&P$$

$$= 31222.93 + 31222.93 (0.11) = \$34657.46$$

$$\text{Total Cost} = \boxed{\$40,956}$$

$$\text{Time: } 0.057(132.4 + 796.91) = 53 \text{ hrs}$$

$$= 371 \text{ hours for 1 person}$$

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## Cost Estimate of Additional Columns

$$W12 \times 65 \Rightarrow 84'$$

$$W12 \times 35 \Rightarrow 56'$$

$$\text{Material: } 1.04 \text{ \$/lb}$$

$$\text{Labor: } 2.15 \text{ \$/LF}$$

$$\text{Equip: } 1.38 \text{ \$/LF}$$

$$\text{O\&P: } .11\%$$

$$W12 \times 65 \Rightarrow [1.04(65) + 2.15 + 1.38](84) = 5974.92$$

$$5974.92 + .11(5974.92) = 6632.16 \text{ \$}$$

$$W12 \times 35 \Rightarrow [1.04(35) + 2.15 + 1.38] 56 = 2236.08$$

W12

$$2236.08 + .11(2236.08) = 2482.05$$

$$\text{Total Cost} = \boxed{\$9,114.2}$$

$$\text{Time} = 0.057(84 + 56) = 7.98 \text{ (7 people)}$$

$$\approx 55.86 \text{ hrs / person}$$

## Footling Cost Estimate

Using the Interpolation:  $1 \text{ CF} = \text{Cost}$

$$\text{Material} = 5.50 \text{ \$/CF}$$

$$\text{Labor} = 4.25 \text{ \$/CF}$$

$$\text{Total} = \underline{9.75 \text{ \$/CF}}$$

$$\text{FRAME A: } 12 \times 12 \times \frac{22}{12} = 264 \text{ CF} \Rightarrow \$ 2,574$$

$$\text{B: } 10 \times 10 \times \frac{16}{12} = 133.3 \text{ CF} \Rightarrow \$ 1,300$$

$$\text{: Note Additional Footing + Pier} \Rightarrow \$ 1,365$$

$$\text{C: } 10' \times 10' \times \frac{20'}{12} = 166.7 \text{ CF} \Rightarrow \$ 1,625$$

$$\text{D: } \quad \quad \quad \$ 1,625$$

$$\text{E: } \quad \quad \quad \$ 2,574$$

$$\text{F: } \quad \quad \quad \$ 1,300$$

$$\text{G: } 11' \times 11' \times \frac{22'}{12} = 221.8 \text{ CF} \Rightarrow \$ 2,163$$

Typical Non Braced Frame:

$$11' \times 11' \times 22'' = 183 \text{ CF} \quad \$ 2,163$$

Typical

$$\text{Original: } 11' \times 11' \times 28'' = 283.33 \text{ CF} \quad \$ 2,753.75$$

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## Footling Cost Estimate + Comparison

- Original @ Frame B  $\Rightarrow 10' \times 10' \times 24' \Rightarrow \$1950$
- Original @ Frame C  $\Rightarrow 8' \times 8' \times 28' \Rightarrow \$1456$
- Original @ Frame G  $\Rightarrow 10' \times 10' \times 28' \Rightarrow \$2,275$
- Original @ Frame A  $\Rightarrow 11' \times 11' \times 28' \Rightarrow \$2,753$

### Original System:

x 34 Typical	$\Rightarrow$	\$ 93602
4 @ C+D	$\Rightarrow$	\$ 5824
2 @ G	$\Rightarrow$	\$ 4550
Total		<u>\$ 103976</u>

### New System:

x 30 Typical	$\Rightarrow$	\$ 64890
4 A+E	$\Rightarrow$	\$ 10296
New * 2 B+F	$\Rightarrow$	\$ 2730
4 C+D	$\Rightarrow$	\$ 6500
2 G	$\Rightarrow$	\$ 4326
Total		<u>\$ 88962</u>

Difference: \$15,000

## Total Cost Comparison,

Cost Difference due to change or addition:

Footing	=> \$ 15,000	(+)
Connections	=> \$ 136,035	(+)
Column size	=> \$ 14,153	(+)
Diagonals	=> \$ 40,956	(-)
New columns	=> \$ 9,114	(-)
TOTAL	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">\$ 86,812</span>	

### Connections

Moment Connections: \$ 191,250  
 Shear Connections: \$ 55,215

New Design is \$ 86,812 less expensive



Impact on schedule,

Original system:

750 connections @ 2.40 hrs/connection

$$750 (2.4) = 1800 \text{ hrs (1 person)}$$

New system:

- 690 connections @ 0.63 hrs/connection

- Diagonals 371 hours (1 person)

- New columns 56 hours

- New footing 40 hours (1 person)

- A footing size  $\approx 0$  hours

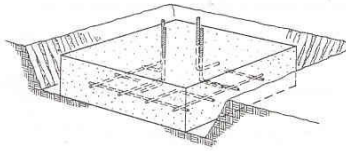
$$\text{Total Time} = 690(0.63) + 371 + 56 + 40$$

$$= 901.7 \text{ hrs}$$

Difference  $\approx 900$  hours (1 person)

# A10 Foundations

## A1010 Standard Foundations



The Spread Footing System includes: excavation; backfill; forms (four uses); all reinforcement; 3,000 p.s.i. concrete (chute placed); and screed finish.

Footings systems are priced per individual unit. The Expanded System Listing at the bottom shows footings that range from 3' square x 12" deep, to 18' square x 52" deep. It is assumed that excavation is done by a truck mounted hydraulic excavator with an operator and oiler.

Backfill is with a dozer, and compaction by air tamp. The excavation and backfill equipment is assumed to operate at 30 C.Y. per hour.

Please see the reference section for further design and cost information.

System Components	QUANTITY	UNIT	COST EACH		
			MAT.	INST.	TOTAL
<b>SYSTEM A1010 210 7100</b>					
<b>SPREAD FOOTINGS, LOAD 25K, SOIL CAPACITY 3 KSF, 3' SQ X 12" DEEP</b>					
Bulk excavation	.590	C.Y.		4.51	4.51
Hand trim	9.000	S.F.		6.84	6.84
Compacted backfill	.260	C.Y.		.79	.79
Formwork, 4 uses	12.000	S.F.	7.80	50.16	57.96
Reinforcing, fy = 60,000 psi	.006	Ton	5.61	6.15	11.76
Dowel or anchor bolt templates	6.000	L.F.	5.58	20.76	26.34
Concrete, fc = 3,000 psi	.330	C.Y.	37.62		37.62
Place concrete, direct chute	.330	C.Y.		6.27	6.27
Screed finish	9.000	S.F.		4.14	4.14
TOTAL			56.61	99.62	156.23

A1010 210	Spread Footings	COST EACH		
		MAT.	INST.	TOTAL
7090	Spread footings, 3000 psi concrete, chute delivered			
7100	Load 25K, soil capacity 3 KSF, 3'-0" sq. x 12" deep	56.50	99.50	156
7150	Load 50K, soil capacity 3 KSF, 4'-6" sq. x 12" deep	121	172	293
7200	Load 50K, soil capacity 6 KSF, 3'-0" sq. x 12" deep	56.50	99.50	156
7250	Load 75K, soil capacity 3 KSF, 5'-6" sq. x 13" deep	193	244	437
7300	Load 75K, soil capacity 6 KSF, 4'-0" sq. x 12" deep	98	147	245
7350	Load 100K, soil capacity 3 KSF, 6'-0" sq. x 14" deep	245	292	537
7410	Load 100K, soil capacity 6 KSF, 4'-6" sq. x 15" deep	150	203	353
7450	Load 125K, soil capacity 3 KSF, 7'-0" sq. x 17" deep	390	420	810
7500	Load 125K, soil capacity 6 KSF, 5'-0" sq. x 16" deep	193	244	437
7550	Load 150K, soil capacity 3 KSF, 7'-6" sq. x 18" deep	470	490	960
7610	Load 150K, soil capacity 6 KSF, 5'-6" sq. x 18" deep	258	305	563
7650	Load 200K, soil capacity 3 KSF, 8'-6" sq. x 20" deep	670	650	1,320
7700	Load 200K, soil capacity 6 KSF, 6'-0" sq. x 20" deep	340	380	720
7750	Load 300K, soil capacity 3 KSF, 10'-6" sq. x 25" deep	1,250	1,050	2,300
7810	Load 300K, soil capacity 6 KSF, 7'-6" sq. x 25" deep	645	635	1,280
7850	Load 400K, soil capacity 3 KSF, 12'-6" sq. x 28" deep	1,975	1,550	3,525
7900	Load 400K, soil capacity 6 KSF, 8'-6" sq. x 27" deep	895	825	1,720
7950	Load 500K, soil capacity 3 KSF, 14'-0" sq. x 31" deep	2,725	2,050	4,775
8010	Load 500K, soil capacity 6 KSF, 9'-6" sq. x 30" deep	1,225	1,075	2,300

# 05 05 Common Work Results for Metals

## 05 05 23 - Metal Fastenings

05 05 23.05 Anchor Bolts		Crew	Daily Output	Labor-Hours	Unit	Material	2007 Bare Costs		Total
							Labor	Equipment	
0690	42" long	2 Carp	11	1.455	Eq.	28.50	53.50		82
0700	48" long		10	1.600		32.50	58.50		91
0710	54" long		9	1.778		38.50	65		103.50
0720	60" long		8	2		41.50	73.50		115
0730	66" long		7	2.286		44.50	84		128.50
0740	72" long		6	2.667		49	98		147
0990	For galvanized, add					75%			

## 05 05 23.10 Bolts and Hex Nuts

05 05 23.10 BOLTS & HEX NUTS, Steel, A307		Crew	Daily Output	Labor-Hours	Unit	Material	2007 Bare Costs		Total
							Labor	Equipment	
0100	1/4" diameter, 1/2" long	1 Sswk	140	.057	Eq.	.07	2.36		2.43
0200	1" long		140	.057		.08	2.36		2.44
0300	2" long		130	.062		.11	2.54		2.65
0400	3" long		130	.062		.16	2.54		2.70
0500	4" long		120	.067		.18	2.76		2.94
0600	3/8" diameter, 1" long		130	.062		.12	2.54		2.66
0700	2" long		130	.062		.15	2.54		2.69
0800	3" long		120	.067		.20	2.76		2.96
0900	4" long		120	.067		.25	2.76		3.01
1000	5" long		115	.070		.31	2.88		3.19
1100	1/2" diameter, 1-1/2" long		120	.067		.24	2.76		3
1200	2" long		120	.067		.27	2.76		3.03
1300	4" long		115	.070		.41	2.88		3.29
1400	6" long		110	.073		.56	3.01		3.57
1500	8" long		105	.076		.73	3.15		3.88
1600	5/8" diameter, 1-1/2" long		120	.067		.47	2.76		3.23
1700	2" long		120	.067		.51	2.76		3.27
1800	4" long		115	.070		.71	2.88		3.59
1900	6" long		110	.073		.89	3.01		3.90
2000	8" long		105	.076		1.29	3.15		4.44
2100	10" long		100	.080		1.60	3.31		4.91
2200	3/4" diameter, 2" long		120	.067		.74	2.76		3.50
2300	4" long		110	.073		1.02	3.01		4.03
2400	6" long		105	.076		1.30	3.15		4.45
2500	8" long		95	.084		1.92	3.48		5.40
2600	10" long		85	.094		2.50	3.89		6.39
2700	12" long		80	.100		2.91	4.14		7.05
2800	1" diameter, 3" long		105	.076		1.90	3.15		5.05
2900	6" long		90	.089		2.93	3.68		6.61
3000	12" long		75	.107		5.50	4.41		9.91
3100	For galvanized, add					75%			
3200	For stainless, add					350%			

## 05 05 23.15 Chemical Anchors

05 05 23.15 CHEMICAL ANCHORS		Crew	Daily Output	Labor-Hours	Unit	Material	2007 Bare Costs		Total
							Labor	Equipment	
0020	Includes layout & drilling								
1430	Chemical anchor, w/rod & epoxy cartridge, 3/4" diam. x 9-1/2" long	B-89A	27	.593	Eq.	13.70	19.80	3.89	37.39
1435	1" diameter x 11-3/4" long		24	.667		26.50	22.50	4.37	53.37
1440	1-1/4" diameter x 14" long		21	.762		50.50	25.50	5	81
1445	1-3/4" diameter x 15" long		20	.800		95	26.50	5.25	126.75
1450	18" long		17	.941		114	31.50	6.15	151.65
1455	2" diameter x 18" long		16	1		145	33.50	6.55	185.05
1460	24" long		15	1.067		190	35.50	7	232.50

**05100 | Structural Metal Framing**

TOTAL INCL O&P	05120   Structural Steel	CREW	DAILY OUTPUT	LABOR HOURS	UNIT	2006 BARE COSTS				TOTAL INCL O&P
						MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	TOTAL	
2.30	0010 COLUMNS, LIGHTWEIGHT									250
2.07	1000 Lightweight units (lally), 3-1/2" diameter	E-2	780	.072	L.F.	2.99	2.79	1.83	7.61	10.10
1.94	1050 4" diameter	"	900	.062	"	4.40	2.42	1.59	8.41	10.75
1.97	5800 Adjustable jack post, 8' maximum height, 2-3/4" diameter				Ea.	32			32	35
1.77	5850 4" diameter				"	51			51	56
1.66										
2.02	0010 COLUMNS, STRUCTURAL									260
1.87	0020 Shop fab'd for 100-ton, 1-2 story project, bolted conn's.									
1.78	0800 Steel, concrete filled, extra strong pipe, 3-1/2" diameter	E-2	660	.085	L.F.	31.50	3.30	2.16	36.96	42.50
7.20	0830 4" diameter		780	.072		35	2.79	1.83	39.62	45.50
6.90	0890 5" diameter		1020	.055		41.50	2.14	1.40	45.04	51
6.11	0930 6" diameter		1200	.047		55	1.82	1.19	58.01	65
8	0940 8" diameter		1100	.051		55	1.98	1.30	58.28	65.50
7.20	1100 For galvanizing, add				Lb.	.22			.22	.25
6.75	1300 For web ties, angles, etc., add per added lb.	1 Sswk	945	.008		.95	.34		1.29	1.66
24.50	1500 Steel pipe, extra strong, no concrete, 3" to 5" diameter	E-2	16000	.004		.95	.14	.09	1.18	1.38
22	1600 6" to 12" diameter		14000	.004		.95	.16	.10	1.21	1.43
21	1700 Steel pipe, extra strong, no concrete, 3" diameter x 12'-0"		60	.933	Ea.	117	36.50	24	177.50	218
11.8	1750 4" diameter x 12'-0"		58	.966		171	37.50	24.50	233	280
10.5	1800 6" diameter x 12'-0"		54	1.037		325	40.50	26.50	392	460
9.6	1850 8" diameter x 14'-0"		50	1.120		575	43.50	28.50	647	740
	1900 10" diameter x 16'-0"		48	1.167		830	45.50	29.50	905	1,025
	1950 12" diameter x 18'-0"		45	1.244		1,125	48.50	31.50	1,205	1,350
92	3300 Structural tubing, square, A500GrB, 4" to 6" square, light section		11270	.005	Lb.	.95	.19	.13	1.27	1.52
118	3600 Heavy section		32000	.002	"	.95	.07	.04	1.06	1.22
145	4000 Concrete filled, add				L.F.	3.47			3.47	3.81
92	4500 Structural tubing, sq, 4" x 4" x 1/4" x 12'-0"	E-2	58	.966	Ea.	157	37.50	24.50	219	264
365	4550 6" x 6" x 1/4" x 12'-0"		54	1.037		257	40.50	26.50	324	380
145	4600 8" x 8" x 3/8" x 14'-0"		50	1.120		555	43.50	28.50	627	715
580	4650 10" x 10" x 1/2" x 16'-0"		48	1.167		1,025	45.50	29.50	1,100	1,225
4.8	5100 Structural tubing, rect, 5" to 6" wide, light section		8000	.007	Lb.	.95	.27	.18	1.40	1.72
5.8	5200 Heavy section		12000	.005		.95	.18	.12	1.25	1.49
14.70	5300 7" to 10" wide, light section		15000	.004		.95	.15	.10	1.20	1.40
18.9	5400 Heavy section		18000	.003		.95	.12	.08	1.15	1.35
24.50	5500 Structural tubing, rect, 5" x 3" x 1/4" x 12'-0"		58	.966	Ea.	162	37.50	24.50	214	259
33.90	5550 6" x 4" x 5/16" x 12'-0"		54	1.037		238	40.50	26.50	305	360
61.50	5600 8" x 4" x 3/8" x 12'-0"		54	1.037		345	40.50	26.50	412	480
122	5650 10" x 6" x 3/8" x 14'-0"		50	1.120		555	43.50	28.50	627	715
	5700 12" x 8" x 1/2" x 16'-0"		48	1.167		1,025	45.50	29.50	1,100	1,225
	6800 W Shape, A992 steel, 2 tier, W8 x 24		1080	.052	L.F.	25	2.02	1.32	28.34	32.50
	6850 W8 x 31		1080	.052		32.50	2.02	1.32	35.84	40.50
	6900 W8 x 48		1032	.054		50	2.11	1.38	53.49	60
	6950 W8 x 67		984	.057		70	2.21	1.45	73.66	82.50
	7000 W10 x 45		1032	.054		47	2.11	1.38	50.49	56.50
	7050 W10 x 68		984	.057		71	2.21	1.45	74.66	83.50
	7100 W10 x 112		960	.058		117	2.27	1.49	120.76	135
	7150 W12 x 50		1032	.054		52.50	2.11	1.38	56.99	62.50
	7200 W12 x 87		984	.057		91	2.21	1.45	94.66	105
	7250 W12 x 120		960	.058		125	2.27	1.49	128.76	144
	7300 W12 x 190		912	.061		199	2.39	1.56	202.95	224
	7350 W14 x 74		984	.057		77.50	2.21	1.45	81.16	90.50
	7400 W14 x 120		960	.058		125	2.27	1.49	128.76	144
	7450 W14 x 176		912	.061		184	2.39	1.56	187.95	208
	8080 For projects 75 to 99 tons, add				All	10%				
	8090 50 to 74 tons, add					20%				
	8094 25 to 49 tons, add					30%	10%			

**METALS 5**

Reference

**05050 | Basic Metal Materials & Methods**

P	05090	Metal Fastenings	CREW	DAILY OUTPUT	LABOR-HOURS	UNIT	2006 BARE COSTS			TOTAL	080
							MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	TOTAL	
	0480	54" long	2 Carp	12	1.333	Ea.	13.35	47.50		60.85	88.50
	0490	60" long		10	1.600		14.65	57		71.65	105
1.20	0500	1-1/2" diameter x 18" long		22	.727		8.65	26		34.65	50
2.40	0510	24" long		19	.842		10.10	30		40.10	57.50
3.60	0520	30" long		17	.941		11.40	33.50		44.90	64.50
2.40	0530	36" long		16	1		13.10	35.50		48.60	70
3.60	0540	42" long		15	1.067		14.90	38		52.90	75.50
2.40	0550	48" long		13	1.231		16.75	44		60.75	86.50
5.50	0560	54" long		11	1.455		20.50	51.50		72	103
9.60	0570	60" long		9	1.778		22.50	63		85.50	123
15.35	0580	1-3/4" diameter x 18" long		20	.800		13.05	28.50		41.55	59
55.50	0590	24" long		18	.889		15.30	31.50		46.80	66
106	0600	30" long		17	.941		17.80	33.50		51.30	71.50
96.50	0610	36" long		16	1		20.50	35.50		56	78
232	0620	42" long		14	1.143		23	40.50		63.50	88.50
296	0630	48" long		12	1.333		25	47.50		72.50	102
6	0640	54" long		10	1.600		31	57		88	123
13.70	0650	60" long		8	2		33.50	71		104.50	148
24	0660	2" diameter x 24" long		17	.941		19.50	33.50		53	73.50
38.50	0670	30" long		15	1.067		22	38		60	83
55.50	0680	36" long		13	1.231		24	44		68	94.50
73.50	0690	42" long		11	1.455		27	51.50		78.50	110
	0700	48" long		10	1.600		31	57		88	123
	0710	54" long		9	1.778		37	63		100	139
	0720	60" long		8	2		39.50	71		110.50	155
	0730	66" long		7	2.286		42.50	81.50		124	174
13.80	0740	72" long		6	2.667		46.50	95		141.50	199
15	0990	For galvanized, add					75%				
16.60	150 0010	<b>BOLTS &amp; HEX NUTS</b> Steel, A307									150
19.40	0100	1/4" diameter, 1/2" long	1 Swk	140	.057	Ea.	.07	2.28		2.35	4.19
22	0200	1" long		140	.057		.08	2.28		2.36	4.20
25	0300	2" long		130	.062		.11	2.46		2.57	4.54
29.50	0400	3" long		130	.062		.16	2.46		2.62	4.60
34.50	0500	4" long		120	.067		.18	2.66		2.84	4.98
41.50	0600	3/8" diameter, 1" long		130	.062		.12	2.46		2.58	4.55
52.50	0700	2" long		130	.062		.15	2.46		2.61	4.59
55	0800	3" long		120	.067		.20	2.66		2.86	5
72.30	0900	4" long		120	.067		.25	2.66		2.91	5.05
21.50	1000	5" long		115	.070		.31	2.78		3.09	5.35
24	1100	1/2" diameter, 1-1/2" long		120	.067		.22	2.66		2.88	5.05
28	1200	2" long		120	.067		.25	2.66		2.91	5.05
32.50	1300	4" long		115	.070		.38	2.78		3.16	5.40
39	1400	6" long		110	.073		.52	2.91		3.43	5.80
28.50	1500	8" long		105	.076		.68	3.04		3.72	6.25
33	1600	5/8" diameter, 1-1/2" long		120	.067		.45	2.66		3.11	5.30
39.50	1700	2" long		120	.067		.49	2.66		3.15	5.35
43.50	1800	4" long		115	.070		.68	2.78		3.46	5.75
50	1900	6" long		110	.073		.85	2.91		3.76	6.20
56	2000	8" long		105	.076		1.23	3.04		4.27	6.85
67	2100	10" long		100	.080		1.53	3.20		4.73	7.45
41.50	2200	3/4" diameter, 2" long		120	.067		.70	2.66		3.36	5.55
48	2300	4" long		110	.073		.97	2.91		3.88	6.30
53	2400	6" long		105	.076		1.23	3.04		4.27	6.85
58	2500	8" long		95	.084		1.83	3.36		5.19	8.05
69	2600	10" long		85	.094		2.38	3.76		6.14	9.35
85	2700	12" long		80	.100		2.78	4		6.78	10.25

**METALS 5**

d Reference

**05050 | Basic Metal Materials & Methods**

05090   Metal Fastenings		CREW	DAILY OUTPUT	LABOR HOURS	UNIT	2006 BARE COSTS				TOTAL INCLUDE
						MAT	LABOR	EQUIP.	TOTAL	
880 0620	Steel, type 6010, 1/8" dia., less than 500#				Lb.	2.09				2.09
0630	500# to 2,000#					1.88				1.88
0640	2,000# to 5,000#					1.77				1.77
0650	Steel, type 7018 Low Hydrogen, 1/8" dia., less than 500#					1.79				1.79
0660	500# to 2,000#					1.61				1.61
0670	2,000# to 5,000#					1.51				1.51
0700	Steel, type 7024 Jet Weld, 1/8" dia., less than 500#					1.89				1.89
0710	500# to 2,000#					1.70				1.70
0720	2,000# to 5,000#					1.60				1.60
1550	Aluminum, type 4043 TIG, 1/8" dia., less than 10#					6.55				6.55
1560	10# to 60#					5.90				5.90
1570	Over 60#					5.55				5.55
1600	Aluminum, type 5356 TIG, 1/8" dia., less than 10#					7.25				7.25
1610	10# to 60#					6.55				6.55
1620	Over 60#					6.15				6.15
1900	Cast iron, type 8 Nickel, 1/8" dia., less than 500#					22.50				22.50
1910	500# to 1,000#					20				20
1920	Over 1,000#					19				19
2000	Stainless steel, type 316/316L, 1/8" dia., less than 500#					10.30				10.30
2100	500# to 1000#					9.30				9.30
2220	Over 1000#					8.75				8.75
900 0010	<b>WELDING STRUCTURAL</b>									
0020	Field welding, 1/8" E6011, cost per welder, no oper. engr									
0200	With 1/2 operating engineer									
0300	With 1 operating engineer									
0500	With no operating engineer, 2# weld rod per ton									
0600	8# E6011 per ton									
0800	With one operating engineer per welder, 2# E6011 per ton									
0900	8# E6011 per ton									
1200	Continuous fillet, stick welding, incl. equipment									
1300	Single pass, 1/8" thick, 0.1#L.F.									
1400	3/16" thick, 0.2#L.F.									
1500	1/4" thick, 0.3#L.F.									
1610	5/16" thick, 0.4#L.F.									
1800	3 passes, 3/8" thick, 0.5#L.F.									
2010	4 passes, 1/2" thick, 0.7#L.F.									
2200	5 to 6 passes, 3/4" thick, 1.3#L.F.									
2400	8 to 11 passes, 1" thick, 2.4#L.F.									
2600	For all position welding, add, minimum									
2700	Maximum									
2900	For semi-automatic welding, deduct, minimum									
3000	Maximum									
4000	Cleaning and welding plates, bars, or rods									
4010	to existing beams, columns, or trusses									
920 0010	<b>STEEL CUTTING</b>									
0020	Hand burning, incl. preparation, torch cutting & grinding, no staging									
0100	Steel to 1/2" thick									
0150	3/4" thick									
0200	1" thick									

90 **Important: See the Reference Section for supporting data - Crews, Rental Equipment, City Cost Indexes and Reference Data**

05100   Structural Metal Framing										
05120   Structural Steel		CREW	DAILY OUTPUT	LABOR HOURS	UNIT	2008 BARE COSTS				
						MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	TOTAL	
260	8096	10 to 24 tons, add				50%	25%			
	8098	2 to 9 tons, add	R051223-10			75%	50%			
	8099	Less than 2 tons, add				100%	100%			
300	0010	<b>CURB EDGING</b>								
	0020	Steel angle w/anchors, on forms, 1" x 1", 0.8#/L.F.	E-4	350	.091	L.F.	1.61	3.70	.26	
	0100	2" x 2" angles, 3.92#/L.F.		330	.097		5.15	3.92	.27	
	0200	3" x 3" angles, 6.1#/L.F.		300	.107		8.15	4.31	.30	
	0300	4" x 4" angles, 8.2#/L.F.		275	.116		10.55	4.71	.32	
	1000	6" x 4" angles, 12.3#/L.F.		250	.128		15.25	5.20	.36	
	1050	Steel channels with anchors, on forms, 3" channel, 5#/L.F.		290	.110		6.40	4.46	.31	
	1100	4" channel, 5.4#/L.F.		270	.119		6.85	4.79	.33	
	1200	6" channel, 8.2#/L.F.		255	.125		10.55	5.10	.35	
	1300	8" channel, 11.5#/L.F.		225	.142		14.35	5.75	.40	
	1400	10" channel, 15.3#/L.F.		180	.178		18.65	7.20	.50	
	1500	12" channel, 20.7#/L.F.		140	.229		25	9.25	.64	
	2000	For curved edging, add					35%	10%		
440	0010	<b>LIGHTWEIGHT FRAMING</b>								
	0400	Angle framing, field fabricated, 4" and larger	R051223-35	E-3	440	.055	Lb.	.55	2.22	.20
	0450	Less than 4" angles			265	.091		.57	3.68	.34
	0600	Channel framing, field fabricated, 8" and larger	R051223-45		500	.048		.57	1.95	.18
	0650	Less than 8" channels			335	.072		.57	2.91	.27
	1000	Continuous slotted channel framing system, shop fab, min.		2 Sswk	2400	.007		2.95	.27	3.75
	1200	Maximum			1600	.010		1.05		1.05
	1250	Plate & bar stock for reinforcing beams and trusses						3.33	.40	3.73
	1300	Cross bracing, rods, shop fabricated, 3/4" diameter		E-3	700	.034		1.14	1.39	.13
	1310	7/8" diameter			850	.028		1.14	1.15	.11
	1320	1" diameter			1000	.024		1.14	.97	.09
	1330	Angle, 5" x 5" x 3/8"			2800	.009		1.14	.35	.03
	1350	Hanging lintels, shop fabricated, average			850	.028		1.14	1.15	.11
	1380	Roof frames, shop fabricated, 3'-0" square, 5' span		E-2	4200	.013		1.14	.52	.34
	1400	Tie rod, not upset, 1-1/2" to 4" diameter, with turnbuckle		2 Sswk	800	.020		1.24	.80	2.04
	1420	No turnbuckle			700	.023		1.19	.91	2.10
	1500	Upset, 1-3/4" to 4" diameter, with turnbuckle			800	.020		1.24	.80	2.04
	1520	No turnbuckle			700	.023		1.19	.91	2.10
480	0010	<b>LINTELS</b>								
	0020	Plain steel angles, under 500 lb.		1 Bric	550	.015	Lb.	.73	.53	1.26
	0100	500 to 1000 lb.			640	.013		.71	.46	1.17
	0200	1,000 to 2,000 lb.			640	.013		.69	.46	1.15
	0300	2,000 to 4,000 lb.			640	.013		.67	.46	1.13
	0500	For builtup angles and plates, add to above						.24		.24
	0700	For engineering, add to above						.10		.10
	0900	For galvanizing, add to above, under 500 lb.						.30		.30
	0950	500 to 2,000 lb.						.27		.27
	1000	Over 2,000 lb.						.22		.22
520	0010	<b>PIPE SUPPORT FRAMING</b>								
	0020	Under 10#/L.F.		E-4	3900	.008	Lb.	1.27	.33	.02
	0200	10.1 to 15#/L.F.			4300	.007		1.25	.30	.02
	0400	15.1 to 20#/L.F.			4800	.007		1.24	.27	.02
	0600	Over 20#/L.F.			5400	.006		1.22	.24	.02
560	0010	<b>PLATES</b>								
	0020	For connections & stiffener plates, shop fabricated	R051223-80							
	0050	1/8" thick (5.1 Lb./S.F.)					S.F.	4.85		4.85
	0100	1/4" thick (10.2 Lb./S.F.)						9.70		9.70

192 Important: See the Reference Section for supporting data - Crews, Rental Equipment, City Cost Indexes and Referen

# 05100 | Structural Metal Framing

P	05120   Structural Steel	CREW	DAILY OUTPUT	LABOR HOURS	UNIT	2006 BARE COSTS				TOTAL INCL O&P	560	
						MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	TOTAL			
8.75	0300				S.F.	14.55			14.55	16	600	
3.05	0400				S.F.	19.40			19.40	21.50		
17.10	0450				S.F.	29			29	32		
20.50	0500				S.F.	39			39	42.50		
26.50	0010										600	
15.45	0020		E-2	1150	.049	S.F.	7.60	1.89	1.24	10.73		13
16.55	0100						12.35	2.27	1.49	16.11		19.15
21	0200			760	.074		19	2.87	1.88	23.75	28	
26.50	0010										640	
15.45	0020											
16.55	0100		E-2	600	.093	L.F.	9.40	3.63	2.38	15.41		19.20
21	0120			600	.093		16.70	3.63	2.38	22.71	27.50	
26.50	0140			600	.093		21	3.63	2.38	27.01	32	
34	0300			600	.093		10.45	3.63	2.38	16.46	20.50	
45	0320			600	.093		15.70	3.63	2.38	21.71	26	
	0350			600	.093		22	3.63	2.38	28.01	33	
	0360			550	.102		25	3.96	2.59	31.55	37	
	0370			550	.102		29.50	3.96	2.59	36.05	41.50	
	0500			550	.102		32.50	3.96	2.59	39.05	45	
4.82	0520			550	.102		36.50	3.96	2.59	43.05	49.50	
7.60	0540			550	.102		50	3.96	2.59	56.55	64.50	
4.34	0600			600	.093		12.55	3.63	2.38	18.56	22.50	
6.15	0620			600	.093		15.70	3.63	2.38	21.71	26	
3.72	0700			600	.093		23	3.63	2.38	29.01	34.50	
4.33	0720			600	.093		27	3.63	2.38	33.01	39	
1.15	0740			550	.102		34.50	3.96	2.59	41.05	47.50	
3.90	0900			550	.102		51	3.96	2.59	57.55	66	
3.43	1100			880	.064		14.65	2.48	1.62	18.75	22	
3.10	1300			880	.064		23	2.48	1.62	27.10	31.50	
1.92	1500			880	.064		27	2.48	1.62	31.10	36	
3.43	1520			810	.069		36.50	2.69	1.76	40.95	46.50	
2.51	1560			750	.075		52.50	2.90	1.90	57.30	64.50	
2.80	1580			750	.075		60.50	2.90	1.90	65.30	73.50	
2.25	1700			640	.088		75	3.40	2.23	80.63	91.50	
2.80	1740			640	.088		91	3.40	2.23	96.63	108	
2.95	1900			990	.057		27	2.20	1.44	30.64	35.50	
1.63	2100			900	.062		31.50	2.42	1.59	35.51	40.50	
1.48	2300			810	.069		35.50	2.69	1.76	39.95	45.50	
1.48	2320			810	.069		45	2.69	1.76	49.45	56	
1.44	2340			800	.070		55.50	2.72	1.78	60	67.50	
2.8	2360			760	.074		77.50	2.87	1.88	82.25	92	
1.0	2380			740	.076		94	2.94	1.93	98.87	110	
33	2500			720	.078		125	3.03	1.98	130.01	145	
33	2700			1000	.056		27	2.18	1.43	30.61	35.50	
2.03	2900			900	.062		32.50	2.42	1.59	36.51	41.50	
1.94	3000			800	.070		42	2.72	1.78	46.50	52.50	
1.87	3140			800	.070		62.50	2.72	1.78	67	74	
1.79	3200			760	.074		70	2.87	1.88	74.75	84	
5.30	3300		E-5	960	.083		36.50	3.28	1.58	41.36	47.50	
10.80	3500			960	.083		42	3.28	1.58	46.86	53.50	
	3700			960	.083		48	3.28	1.58	52.86	60.50	
	3900			912	.088		52.50	3.46	1.66	57.62	65.50	
	4100			912	.088		57.50	3.46	1.66	62.62	71	
	4300			900	.089		68	3.50	1.68	73.18	82.50	
	4500			900	.089		79.50	3.50	1.68	84.68	95.50	
	4700			900	.089		90	3.50	1.68	95.18	107	

**METALS 5**

Reference to...